Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 102.9 million with more than 2.2 million deaths.

In the United States, the total number of cases stands at 26,160,210 and deaths at 441,831.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has released their February 1, 2021 Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR) that shows demographic characteristics of persons vaccinated during the first month of the COVID-19 vaccination program. The report shows that 134,127 American Indian/Alaskan Natives (AIAN) initiated COVID-19 vaccination from December 14, 2020-January 14, 2021. To view the full report, click HERE.

In his first days in office, President Joe Biden signed several Executive Orders (EOs) and released a National Strategy for the COVID-19 Response and Pandemic Awareness. In some areas, the EOs bring opportunities for advocacy ensuring American Indian and Alaskan Native (AI/AN) voices are heard. The EOs also bring opportunities for consultation with the federal government to improve testing, vaccination, and treatment for patients using the Indian health care system. Read the NIHB’s summary HERE.

Urban Indian Health Institute (UIHI) administered an online survey to better understand COVID-19 vaccine attitudes, knowledge, and perceptions among American Indians and Alaska Natives nationwide. Some key findings include that the primary motivation for participants who indicated willingness to get vaccinated was a strong sense of responsibility to protect the Native community and preserve cultural ways, 75% of participants were willing to receive a COVID-19 vaccine, and 72% of participants wanted evidence that the vaccine is safe right now and in the long term. Read the report HERE.

Get notified when it's your turn to get the COVID-19 vaccine at myturn.ca.gov.

COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance*
- Total cases: 26,160,210
- Total deaths: 441,831
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

*As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020.

A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:
- i) meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or
- ii) meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or
- iii) meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID19.

State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

National Laboratory Testing Data
- Total tests reported: 297,986,757
- Positive tests reported: 27,527,209
- Percent of positive tests: 9.2%
CALIFORNIA

63,244 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 1/31/2021.

Of these, 6,587 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 53,194 have tested negative for COVID-19.
Counties with most reported cases

- Los Angeles: 1,094,341
- San Bernardino: 270,012
- Riverside: 267,025
- San Diego: 239,121
- Orange: 233,155

Counties with most reported deaths

- Los Angeles: 16,854
- Riverside: 3,171
- Orange: 3,109
- San Diego: 2,619
- San Bernardino: 1,856

For an interactive version of this map online, click HERE.
American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, 0.3% of COVID-19 cases, and 0.3% of deaths in California. This includes a total of 7,990 cases and 130 deaths among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.

California Department of Public Health has nearly complete data on race and ethnicity for COVID-19 deaths, and are reporting the following trends: Latinos, African Americans and Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders are dying at disproportionately higher levels.

Note: 24% of cases and 2% of deaths are of unknown race/ethnicity. As of 2/2/2021. Source: CDPH
Two sources for tracking American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) cases reported in California

Data from the Indian Health Service (IHS) include positive cases reported by Tribal and Urban Indian Health Programs.

Data from California Department of Public Health (CDPH) include all positive cases of AIAN diagnosed in California.

Age and gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>% Cases</th>
<th>% Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 0-17</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 18-49</td>
<td>58%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 50-64</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 65+</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding. 2% of cases and 1% of deaths are of unknown gender. As of 2/2/2021. Source: CDPH

California COVID-19 threat level: Active outbreak

DAILY NEW CASES:
- **46.5** per 100k
  - Dangerous number of new cases

INFECTION RATE:
- **0.77**
  - Active cases are decreasing

POSITIVE TEST RATE:
- **10.1%**
  - Indicates insufficient testing

As of 2/2/2021. Source: COVID Act Now
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) data reported by California to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Positive COVID-19 cases among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Cases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 9</td>
<td>407</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 19</td>
<td>959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 29</td>
<td>1812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 39</td>
<td>1517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 49</td>
<td>1328</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 59</td>
<td>1631</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 to 69</td>
<td>968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 to 79</td>
<td>407</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 +</td>
<td>219</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COVID-19 deaths among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 9</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 19</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 29</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 39</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 49</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 59</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 to 69</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 to 79</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 +</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CDC data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates that are proportionate to their population in California but dying at rates that are higher. This includes a total of 9,263 cases and 165 deaths.

As of 1/4/2021. Source: CDC
COVID-19 testing information from patients seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.

Number of positive cases identified by region

GREATER LOS ANGELES
Positive: 54
Negative: 571

INLAND DESERT
Positive: 2,025
Negative: 15,598

DELTA AND GOLD COUNTRY
Positive: 710
Negative: 5,997

NORTH COAST AND CASCADES
Positive: 2,163
Negative: 18,057

CENTRAL COAST
Positive: 967
Negative: 7,026

CENTRAL VALLEY
Positive: 566
Negative: 5,383

SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA
Positive: 107
Negative: 660

As of 2/2/2021. Source: IHS
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) COVID-19 cases reported by local public health departments in selected California counties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>AIAN Cases</th>
<th>AIAN Deaths</th>
<th>AIAN Tested</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Los Angeles County*</td>
<td>1,853</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>7,688</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Bernardino County</td>
<td>2,026</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Diego County</td>
<td>676</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8,272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Riverside County</td>
<td>853</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sacramento County</td>
<td>331</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Francisco County</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alameda County</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>na</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

As of 2/2/2021. Source: County of Los Angeles Public Health, San Bernardino County Department of Public Health, San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry, Riverside University Health System-Public Health, Sacramento County Public Health, DataSF, and Alameda County Department of Public Health.
TRIBAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND SHELTER IN PLACE DECLARATIONS

Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.

Tribes Issuing Shelter in Place Order
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
68. Tule River Tribe
74. Wiyot Tribe

Emergency Declarations (n=76)

1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians
3. Barona Band of Mission Indians
4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria
5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California
6. Big Lagoon Rancheria
7. Big Pine Paiute Tribe
8. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians
9. Bishop Paiute Tribe
10. Blue Lake Rancheria
11. Buena Vista Rancheria
12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
13. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community
14. Cahto Tribe
15. Cahuilla Band of Indians
16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe
17. Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria
18. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
19. Colorado River Indian Tribes
20. Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians
21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians
22. Elk Valley Rancheria
23. Enterprise Rancheria
24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA
25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation
26. Fort Mojave Indian Tribe
27. Hemetatele Pomo of Upper Lake Tribe
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
29. Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel
30. Jamul Indian Village
31. Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria
32. Karuk Tribe
33. La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians
34. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe
35. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cupeno Indians
36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Pomo Indians
37. Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
38. Mechoopda Indian Tribe
40. Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California
41. Mooretown Rancheria
42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians
43. North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California
44. Pala Band of Mission Indians
45. Pauma Band of Luiseño Indians
46. Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians
47. Pescayne Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians
48. Pit River Tribe
49. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation
50. Ramona Band of Cahuilla
51. Redding Rancheria
52. Resighini Rancheria
53. Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians
54. Robinson Rancheria
55. Round Valley Indian Tribes
56. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians
57. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
58. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians
59. Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians
60. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians
61. Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians
62. Susanville Indian Rancheria
63. Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
64. Table Mountain Rancheria
65. Tachi Yokut Tribe
66. Tolowa Dee-Ni' Nation
67. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
68. Tule River Tribe
69. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians
70. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians
71. Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
72. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California
73. Wilton Rancheria
74. Wiyot Tribe
75. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation
76. Yurok Tribe

Updated 1/15/2021
Casino Closures (n=2)
1. Robinson Rancheria Resort and Casino
2. Redwood Hotel Casino

Casino Openings (n=65)
1. Agua Caliente Casino Palm Springs
2. Agua Caliente Resort Casino Spa Rancho Mirage
3. Augustine Casino
4. Barona Valley Ranch Resort and Casino
5. Bear River Casino
6. Black Oak Casino
7. Blue Lake Casino
8. Cache Creek Casino Resort
9. Cahuilla Casino
10. Casino Pauma
11. Cher-Ae Heights Bingo and Casino
12. Chicken Ranch Bingo and Casino
13. Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino
14. Chumash Casino Resort
15. Colusa Casino Resort
16. Coyote Valley Casino
17. Desert Rose Casino
18. Diamond Mountain Casino
19. Eagle Mountain Casino
20. Elk Valley Casino
21. Fantasy Springs Resort and Casino
22. Feather Falls Casino
23. Garcia River Casino
24. Gold Country Casino and Hotel
25. Golden Acorn Casino
26. Graton Resort & Casino
27. Hard Rock Hotel & Casino Sacramento at Fire Mountain
28. Harrah’s Northern California
29. Harrah’s Resort Southern California
30. Havasu Landing Resort and Casino
31. Hidden Oaks Casino
32. Jackson Rancheria Casino
33. Jamul Casino
34. Konocti Vista Casino and Bingo
35. Lucky 7 Casino
36. Lucky Bear Casino
37. Mono Wind Casino
38. Morongo Casino, Resort & Spa
39. Paiute Palace Casino
40. Pala Casino Resort and Spa
41. Pechanga Resort and Casino
42. Pit River Casino
43. Quechan Resort Casino
44. Rain Rock Casino
45. Red Earth Casino
46. Red Fox Casino
47. Redhawk Casino
48. River Rock Casino
49. Rolling Hills Casino
50. Running Creek Casino
51. San Manuel Indian Bingo and Casino
52. San Pablo Lytton Casino
53. Sherwood Valley Casino
54. Soboba Casino
55. Spotlight 29 Casino
56. Sycuan Resort and Casino
57. Table Mountain Casino
58. Tachi Palace Hotel and Casino
59. Thunder Valley Casino Resort
60. Tortoise Rock Casino
61. Twin Pine Casino
62. Valley View Casino
63. Viejas Casino
64. Win-River Casino
65. Winnebago Win美观 Casino
TRIBAL HEAD START
Beginning in early September 2020, some Tribal early childhood education programs, such as Head Start, will begin reopening either in person, virtually, or in combination of both (i.e. hybrid program). Please check with local school districts, Tribes, or Lead Agencies for start dates.

Note: CRIHB’s COVID response team will continue to monitor these tribal programs and facilities as the situation progresses.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact:
Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org