Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 89.7 million with more than 1.9 million deaths.

In the United States, the total number of cases stands at 22,522,749 and deaths at 375,124.

The Tribal Self-Governance Advisory Committee (TSGAC), will host a Webinar on Wednesday, January 13, 2021, from 1:00 pm to 2:30 pm (ET) on an overview and use of the funding included in the most recent COVID-19 legislation. The Coronavirus relief provisions were part of a larger 5,593-page bill under the “Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021”. Panelists will summarize the main provisions and funding made available to Tribes and Tribal Organizations under the Act. Register HERE.

As California continues its health first approach to fight the COVID-19 pandemic amid an unprecedented surge, the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) today issued a new public health order to reduce pressure on strained hospital systems and redistribute the responsibility of medical care across the state so patients can continue to receive lifesaving care. The entire News Release is available HERE.

On January 19, 2021 from 3:00-4:00 PM EST, please join the National Indian Health Board (NIHB) for a Tribal infection control learning community (TICLC) webinar: EMS Response to COVID-19. This webinar will provide an overview of the best practices for EMS response to COVID-19 and strategies for implementing infection prevention and control measures to protect EMS staff. The COVID response model used by the Pueblo of Laguna Community Health and EMS program will be discussed. This webinar is open to any interested person, but is likely most relevant to Tribal healthcare personal, Tribal frontline healthcare workers, infection control officers and preventionists, and those who want to learn more about infection prevention and control measures for EMS response personnel. Register for the webinar HERE.

COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance*

- Total cases: 22,522,749
- Total deaths: 375,124
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

*A as of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020.

A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:

i) meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or

ii) meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or

iii) meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID19.

State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

National Laboratory Testing Data

- Total tests reported: 261,824,615
- Positive tests reported: 23,691,700
- Percent of positive tests: 9.1%
As of January 11, 2020, there were a total of 2,747,288 positive cases and 30,513 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:
- Age 0-17: 339,927
- Age 18-49: 1,598,547
- Age 50-64: 521,163
- Age 65 and older: 285,832
- Unknown/Missing: 1,819

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:
- Female: 1,395,192
- Male: 1,310,582
- Unknown: 41,514

Lab tests reported statewide: 36,170,528

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

Click [HERE](#) to find your nearest testing site.

**INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE CALIFORNIA AREA**

55,323 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 1/10/2021.

Of these, 5,233 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 46,950 have tested negative for COVID-19.
CONFIRMED CASES AND DEATHS BY COUNTY

Counties with most reported cases
- Los Angeles: 914,434
- San Bernardino: 235,543
- Riverside: 222,907
- Orange: 196,340
- San Diego: 194,793

Counties with most reported deaths
- Los Angeles: 12,387
- Riverside: 2,250
- Orange: 2,120
- San Diego: 1,857
- San Bernardino: 1,546

For an interactive version of this map online, click HERE.

2,747,288 Cases in California
30,513 Deaths in California

New Confirmed Cases in California by Date

As of 1/12/2021. Source: CDPH

New Confirmed Deaths in California by Date

As of 1/11/2021. Source: CDPH
Racial distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, 0.3% of COVID-19 cases, and 0.3% of deaths in California. This includes a total of 6,420 cases and 97 deaths among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.

California Department of Public Health has nearly complete data on race and ethnicity for COVID-19 deaths, and are reporting the following trends: Latinos, African Americans and Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders are dying at disproportionately higher levels.

Note: 27% of cases and 2% of deaths are of unknown race/ethnicity. As of 1/12/2021. Source: CDPH
Two sources for tracking American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) cases reported in California

Data from the Indian Health Service (IHS) include positive cases reported by Tribal and Urban Indian Health Programs.

Data from California Department of Public Health (CDPH) include all positive cases of AIAN diagnosed in California.

Age and gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>% Cases</th>
<th>% Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 0-17 (23%)</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 18-49 (44%)</td>
<td>59%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 50-64 (18%)</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 65+ (16%)</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>74%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding. 1% of cases and 1% of deaths are of unknown gender. As of 1/12/2021. Source: CDPH

California COVID-19 threat level: Severe outbreak

DAILY NEW CASES

106.8 per 100k

VERY DANGEROUS
NUMBER OF NEW CASES

INFECTION RATE

1.03

COVID IS STILL SPREADING, BUT SLOWLY

POSITIVE TEST RATE

18.0%

INDICATES INSUFFICIENT TESTING

As of 1/12/2021. Source: COVID Act Now
CDC data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates that are proportionate to their population in California but dying at rates that are higher. This includes a total of 9,263 cases and 165 deaths.
COVID-19 testing information from patients seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.

Number of positive cases identified by region

- **Greater Los Angeles**
  - Positive: 39
  - Negative: 517

- **Central Valley**
  - Positive: 487
  - Negative: 4,683

- **Central Coast**
  - Positive: 759
  - Negative: 6,385

- **San Francisco Bay Area**
  - Positive: 106
  - Negative: 640

- **Inland Desert**
  - Positive: 1,504
  - Negative: 13,255

- **Delta and Gold Country**
  - Positive: 577
  - Negative: 5,203

- **North Coast and Cascades**
  - Positive: 1,727
  - Negative: 16,165

As of 1/11/2021. Source: IHS
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) COVID-19 cases reported by local public health departments in selected California counties

Los Angeles County*
AIAN Cases 1,551
AIAN Deaths 22
AIAN Tested 6,690

*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

San Bernardino County
AIAN Cases 1,359
AIAN Deaths 9

San Diego County
AIAN Cases 529
AIAN Deaths 5
AIAN Tested 8,272

Riverside County
AIAN Cases 606
AIAN Deaths 10

Sacramento County
AIAN Cases 290
AIAN Deaths 7

San Francisco County
AIAN Cases 79
AIAN Deaths 0

Alameda County
AIAN Cases 109
AIAN Deaths na

As of 1/12/2021. Source: County of Los Angeles Public Health, San Bernardino County Department of Public Health, San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry, Riverside University Health System-Public Health, Sacramento County Public Health, DataSF, and Alameda County Department of Public Health.
TRIBAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND SHELTER IN PLACE DECLARATIONS

Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.

Emergency Declarations (n=76)

1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians
3. Barona Band of Mission Indians
4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria
5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California
6. Big Lagoon Rancheria
7. Big Pine Paiute Tribe
8. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians
9. Bishop Paiute Tribe
10. Blue Lake Rancheria
11. Buena Vista Rancheria
12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
13. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community
14. Cahto Tribe
15. Cahuilla Band of Indians
16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe
17. Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria
18. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
19. Colorado River Indian Tribes
20. Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians
21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians
22. Elk Valley Rancheria
23. Enterprise Rancheria
24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA
25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiteue Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation
26. Fort Mojave Indian Tribe
27. Habematol Pomo of Upper Lake Tribe
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
29. Ipai Nation of Santa Ysabel
30. Jamul Indian Village
31. Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria
32. Karuk Tribe
33. La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians
34. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe
35. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Capetino Indians
36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Pomo Indians
37. Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
38. Mechoopda Indian Tribe
40. Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California
41. Mooretown Rancheria
42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians
43. North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California
44. Pala Band of Mission Indians
45. Pauma Band of Luiseno Indians
46. Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians
47. Picayune Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians
48. Pit River Tribe
49. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation
50. Ramona Band of Cahuilla
51. Redding Rancheria
52. Resighini Rancheria
53. Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians
54. Robinson Rancheria
55. Round Valley Indian Tribes
56. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians
57. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
58. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians
59. Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians
60. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians
61. Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians
62. Susanville Indian Rancheria
63. Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
64. Table Mountain Rancheria
65. Tachi Yokut Tribe
66. Tolowa Dee-Ni’ Nation
67. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
68. Tule River Tribe
69. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians
70. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians
71. Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
72. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California
73. Wilton Rancheria
74. Wiyot Tribe
75. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation
76. Yurok Tribe

Updated 1/05/2021
OPENINGS AND CLOSURES: TRIBAL CASINOS

Casino Closures (n=2)
1. Robinson Rancheria Resort and Casino
2. Redwood Hotel Casino

Casino Openings (n=65)
1. Agua Caliente Casino Palm Springs
2. Agua Caliente Resort Casino Spa Rancho Mirage
3. Augustine Casino
4. Barona Valley Ranch Resort and Casino
5. Bear River Casino
6. Black Oak Casino
7. Blue Lake Casino
8. Cache Creek Casino Resort
9. Cabuilla Casino
10. Casino Pauma
11. Cher-Ae Heights Bingo and Casino
12. Chicken Ranch Bingo and Casino
13. Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino
14. Chumash Casino Resort
15. Colusa Casino Resort
16. Coyote Valley Casino
17. Desert Rose Casino
18. Diamond Mountain Casino
19. Eagle Mountain Casino
20. Elk Valley Casino
21. Fantasy Springs Resort and Casino
22. Feather Falls Casino
23. Garcia River Casino
24. Gold Country Casino and Hotel
25. Golden Acorn Casino
26. Graton Resort & Casino
27. Hard Rock Hotel & Casino Sacramento at Fire Mountain
28. Harrah's Northern California
29. Harrah's Resort Southern California
30. Havasu Landing Resort and Casino
31. Hidden Oaks Casino
32. Jackson Rancheria Casino
33. Jamul Casino
34. Konocti Vista Casino and Bingo
35. Lucky 7 Casino
36. Lucky Bear Casino
37. Mono Wind Casino
38. Morongo Casino, Resort & Spa
39. Pala Casino Resort and Spa
40. Pechanga Resort and Casino
41. Pit River Casino
42. Quechan Resort Casino
43. Rain Rock Casino
44. Red Earth Casino
45. Red Fox Casino
46. Redhawk Casino
47. River Rock Casino
48. Rolling Hills Casino
49. Running Creek Casino
50. San Manuel Indian Bingo and Casino
51. San Pablo Lytton Casino
52. Sherwood Valley Casino
53. Soboba Casino
54. Spotlight 29 Casino
55. Sycuan Resort and Casino
56. Table Mountain Casino
57. Tachi Palace Hotel and Casino
58. Thunder Valley Casino Resort
59. Tortoise Rock Casino
60. Twin Pine Casino
61. Valley View Casino
62. Viejas Casino
63. Win-River Casino
64. Winnemah Winn's Casino

Updated 01/06/2020
TRIBAL HEAD START
Beginning in early September 2020, some Tribal early childhood education programs, such as Head Start, will begin reopening either in person, virtually, or in combination of both (i.e. hybrid program). Please check with local school districts, Tribes, or Lead Agencies for start dates.

Note: CRIHB’s COVID response team will continue to monitor these tribal programs and facilities as the situation progresses.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact:
Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org