Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 84.2 million with more than 1.8 million deaths. In the United States, the total number of cases stands at 20,732,404 and deaths at 352,464.

On January 7 from 2:00-3:00 PM EST, Dr. Fauci will sit down with Indian Health Service (IHS) to discuss clinical readiness and patient care during the time of COVID. This webinar will include updates on COVID-19 from Dr. Fauci, an IHS Epidemiology Update from RADM Michael Toedt, MD, and a Q & A on Monoclonal Antibodies with Jonathan Iralu, MD and CAPT Matthew A. Clark, MD. Register for the webinar HERE.

Learn about the differences between Influenza and COVID-19 and their vaccines. This webinar will highlight the importance of being vaccinated against each of these contagious respiratory illnesses caused by two different viruses. The webinar will take place January 6, 2021 2:00-3:00 PM EST. Register for the webinar HERE.

On December 31, 2020, it was announced that the Governor’s Office of Emergency Services and the Health and Human Services Agency have deployed 1,280 medical personnel to healthcare facilities across the state to relieve stress on the medical care system during the current surge in cases and hospitalizations. These personnel are helping to ensure necessary healthcare staffing for hospitals, nursing homes and other medical facilities because of COVID-19. The Deployed personnel come from the California National Guard, California Medical Assistance Teams, Federal Military and Health agencies, California Health Corps and contracted medical providers. Learn more about the state of California’s efforts to combat COVID-19: www.covid19.ca.gov.

“Vaccinate All 58” is California’s campaign to equitably distribute a safe and effective vaccine to all 58 counties in the state. Learn about the state’s plan and when you can get vaccinated HERE.

UNITED STATES

COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance*

- Total cases: 20,732,404
- Total deaths: 352,464
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

*As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020.

A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:
- i) meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or
- ii) meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or
- iii) meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID19.

State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

National Laboratory Testing Data

- Total tests reported: 250,479,467
- Positive tests reported: 22,031,916
- Percent of positive tests: 8.8%
As of January 4, 2020, there were a total of 2,452,334 positive cases and 27,003 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:
- Age 0-17: 298,917
- Age 18-49: 1,431,570
- Age 50-64: 465,397
- Age 65 and older: 254,873
- Unknown/Missing: 1,577

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:
- Female: 1,242,402
- Male: 1,172,610
- Unknown: 37,322

Lab tests reported statewide: 34,330,784

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

Click HERE to find your nearest testing site.

53,999 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 1/3/2021.

Of these, 4,578 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 46,902 have tested negative for COVID-19.
Counties with most reported cases

- Los Angeles: 813,002
- San Bernardino: 210,868
- Riverside: 196,809
- Orange: 172,458
- San Diego: 171,031

Counties with most reported deaths

- Los Angeles: 10,850
- Riverside: 2,096
- Orange: 1,926
- San Diego: 1,598
- San Bernardino: 1,449

For an interactive version of this map online, click HERE.

2,452,334 Cases in California
27,003 Deaths in California

As of 1/5/2021. Source: CDPH
Racial distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, 0.3% of COVID-19 cases, and 0.3% of deaths in California. This includes a total of 5,583 cases and 86 deaths among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.

California Department of Public Health has nearly complete data on race and ethnicity for COVID-19 deaths, and are reporting the following trends: Latinos, African Americans and Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders are dying at disproportionately higher levels.
Two sources for tracking American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) cases reported in California

Data from the Indian Health Service (IHS) include positive cases reported by Tribal and Urban Indian Health Programs.

Data from California Department of Public Health (CDPH) include all positive cases of AIAN diagnosed in California.

Age and gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>% Cases</th>
<th>% Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 0-17</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(23%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 18-49</td>
<td>59%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(44%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 50-64</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(18%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 65+</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>74%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(16%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding. 1% of cases and 1% of deaths are of unknown gender. As of 1/5/2021. Source: CDPH

California COVID-19 threat level: Severe outbreak

**DAILY NEW CASES**  
![Very Dangerous Number of New Cases](image)

**INFECTION RATE**  
![1.00](image)

**POSITIVE TEST RATE**  
![15.5%](image)

As of 1/5/2021. Source: COVID Act Now
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) data reported by California to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

CDC data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates that are proportionate to their population in California but dying at rates that are higher. This includes a total of 9,263 cases and 165 deaths.

**Positive COVID-19 cases among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Unknown</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 9</td>
<td>407</td>
<td></td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 19</td>
<td>959</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 29</td>
<td>1812</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 39</td>
<td>1517</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 49</td>
<td>1328</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 59</td>
<td>1631</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 to 69</td>
<td>968</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 to 79</td>
<td>407</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 +</td>
<td>219</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**COVID-19 deaths among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 9</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 19</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 29</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 39</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 49</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 59</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 to 69</td>
<td>28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 to 79</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 +</td>
<td>61</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As of 1/4/2021. Source: CDC
COVID-19 testing information from patients seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.

Number of positive cases identified by region

- **GREATER LOS ANGELES**: Positive: 30, Negative: 498
- **INLAND DESERT**: Positive: 1,368, Negative: 14,964
- **DELTA AND GOLD COUNTRY**: Positive: 475, Negative: 4,716
- **NORTH COAST AND CASCADES**: Positive: 1,565, Negative: 15,570
- **CENTRAL COAST**: Positive: 588, Negative: 6,042
- **CENTRAL VALLEY**: Positive: 443, Negative: 4,463
- **SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA**: Positive: 103, Negative: 632

As of 1/4/2021. Source: IHS
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) COVID-19 cases reported by local public health departments in selected California counties

**Los Angeles County**
- AIAN Cases: 1,300
- AIAN Deaths: 21
- AIAN Tested: 6,068

**San Bernardino County**
- AIAN Cases: 1,006
- AIAN Deaths: 8

**San Diego County**
- AIAN Cases: 476
- AIAN Deaths: 4
- AIAN Tested: 8,272

**Riverside County**
- AIAN Cases: 512
- AIAN Deaths: 10

**Sacramento**
- AIAN Cases: 265
- AIAN Deaths: 7

**San Francisco**
- AIAN Cases: 42
- AIAN Deaths: 0

**Alameda**
- AIAN Cases: 98
- AIAN Deaths: na

*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

As of 1/5/2021. Source: County of Los Angeles Public Health, San Bernardino County Department of Public Health, San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry, Riverside University Health System-Public Health, Sacramento County Public Health, DataSF, and Alameda County Department of Public Health.
TRIBAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND SHELTER IN PLACE DECLARATIONS

Tribes Issuing Shelter in Place Order
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
68. Tule River Tribe
74. Wiyot Tribe

Emergency Declarations (n=76)

1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians
3. Barona Band of Mission Indians
4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria
5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California
6. Big Lagoon Rancheria
7. Big Pine Paiute Tribe
8. Big Valley Band of Porno Indians
9. Bishop Paiute Tribe
10. Blue Lake Rancheria
11. Buena Vista Rancheria
12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
13. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community
14. Cahto Tribe
15. Cahuilla Band of Indians
16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe
17. Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria
18. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
19. Colorado River Indian Tribes
20. Coyote Valley Band of Porno Indians
21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Porno Indians
22. Elk Valley Rancheria
23. Enterprise Rancheria
24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA
25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation
26. Fort Mojave Indian Tribe
27. Habematolel Porno of Upper Lake Tribe
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
29. Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel
30. Jamul Indian Village
31. Kashia Band of Porno Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria
32. Karuk Tribe
33. La Jolla Band of Luiseño Indians
34. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe
35. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Capetno Indians
36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Porno Indians
37. Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
38. Mechoopda Indian Tribe
40. Middletown Rancheria of Porno Indians of California
41. Mooretown Rancheria
42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians
43. North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California
44. Pala Band of Mission Indians
45. Pauma Band of Luiseño Indians
46. Pechanga Band of Luiseño Indians
47. Piscayne Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians
48. Pit River Tribe
49. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation
50. Ramona Band of Cahuilla
51. Redding Rancheria
52. Resighini Rancheria
53. Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians
54. Robinson Rancheria
55. Round Valley Indian Tribes
56. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians
57. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
58. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians
59. Scotts Valley Band of Porno Indians
60. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians
61. Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians
62. Susanville Indian Rancheria
63. Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
64. Table Mountain Rancheria
65. Tachi Yokut Tribe
66. Tolowa Dee-Ni Nation
67. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
68. Tule River Tribe
69. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians
70. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians
71. Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
72. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California
73. Wilton Rancheria
74. Wiyot Tribe
75. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation
76. Yurok Tribe

Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.
OPENINGS AND CLOSURES: TRIBAL CASINOS

Casino Closures (n=2)
1. Robinson Rancheria Resort and Casino
2. Redwood Hotel Casino

Casino Openings (n=64)
1. Agua Caliente Casino Palm Springs
2. Agua Caliente Resort Casino Spa Rancho Mirage
3. Augustine Casino
4. Barona Valley Ranch Resort and Casino
5. Bear River Casino
6. Black Oak Casino
7. Blue Lake Casino
8. Cache Creek Casino Resort
9. Cahuilla Casino
10. Casino Pauma
11. Cher-Ae Heights Bingo and Casino
12. Chicken Ranch Bingo and Casino
13. Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino
14. Chumash Casino Resort
15. Cohaena Casino Resort
16. Coyote Valley Casino
17. Desert Rose Casino
18. Diamond Mountain Casino
19. Eagle Mountain Casino
20. Elk Valley Casino
21. Fantasy Springs Resort and Casino
22. Feather Falls Casino
23. Garcia River Casino
24. Gold Country Casino and Hotel
25. Golden Acorn Casino
26. Graton Resort & Casino
27. Hard Rock Hotel & Casino Sacramento at Fire Mountain
28. Harrah’s Northern California
29. Harrah’s Resort Southern California
30. Havasu Landing Resort and Casino
31. Jackson Rancheria Casino
32. Jamul Casino
33. Konocti Vista Casino and Bingo
34. Lucky 7 Casino
35. Lucky Bear Casino
36. Mono Wind Casino
37. Morongo Casino, Resort & Spa
38. Paiute Palace Casino
39. Pala Casino Resort and Spa
40. Pechanga Resort and Casino
41. Pit River Casino
42. Quechan Resort Casino
43. Rain Rock Casino
44. Red Earth Casino
45. Red Fox Casino
46. Redhawk Casino
47. River Rock Casino
48. Rolling Hills Casino
49. Running Creek Casino
50. San Manuel Indian Bingo and Casino
51. San Pablo Lytton Casino
52. Sherwood Valley Casino
53. Soboba Casino
54. Spotlight 29 Casino
55. Sycuan Resort and Casino
56. Table Mountain Casino
57. Tachi Palace Hotel and Casino
58. Thunder Valley Casino Resort
59. Tortoise Rock Casino
60. Twin Pine Casino
61. Valley View Casino
62. Viejas Casino
63. Win-River Casino
64. Winnemumah Winn’s Casino

Updated 12/29/2020
TRIBAL HEAD START

Beginning in early September 2020, some Tribal early childhood education programs, such as Head Start, will begin reopening either in person, virtually, or in combination of both (i.e. hybrid program). Please check with local school districts, Tribes, or Lead Agencies for start dates.

Note: CRIHB’s COVID response team will continue to monitor these tribal programs and facilities as the situation progresses.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact:
Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org