

DAILY HIGHLIGHTS

Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 51.84 million with more than 1.28 million deaths.

In the United States, the total number of cases stands at 10,314,254 and deaths at 241,069.

As many people in the United States begin to plan for fall and winter holiday celebrations, CDC offers the following considerations to help protect individuals and their families, friends, and communities from COVID-19. For this year's Thanksgiving guidance, please click [HERE](#).

Commercial tobacco product use is the leading cause of disease, disability, and death in the United States. Declines in use have occurred over time, but prevalence remains particularly high among American Indians and Alaska Natives. The risks of tobacco product use have been compounded by the COVID-19 pandemic, with emerging data showing that current and former cigarette smokers are at increased risk of more severe illness from COVID-19. The Indian Health Service (IHS) is hosting a webinar where participants will gain an understanding of the state of the science with regard to COVID-19 outcomes and commercial tobacco product use, including cigarette smoking and e-cigarette use. The webinar will take place on Wednesday, November 18, 2020 at 3:00 PM EST. Register for the webinar [HERE](#).

The Indian Health Service (IHS) is hosting a webinar that will focus on developing providers' skills in supporting parents/families in ensuring the safety of their child with a neurodevelopmental disorder, including Intellectual Disability, Autism Spectrum Disorder, and other neurodevelopmental disorders. Providers will be able to teach families strategies for managing COVID-19 specific safety restrictions. The webinar will take place on Tuesday, November 17, 2020 at 3:00 PM EST. Register for the webinar [HERE](#).

UNITED STATES

COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance*

- Total cases: 10,314,254
- Total deaths: 241,069
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

*As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020.

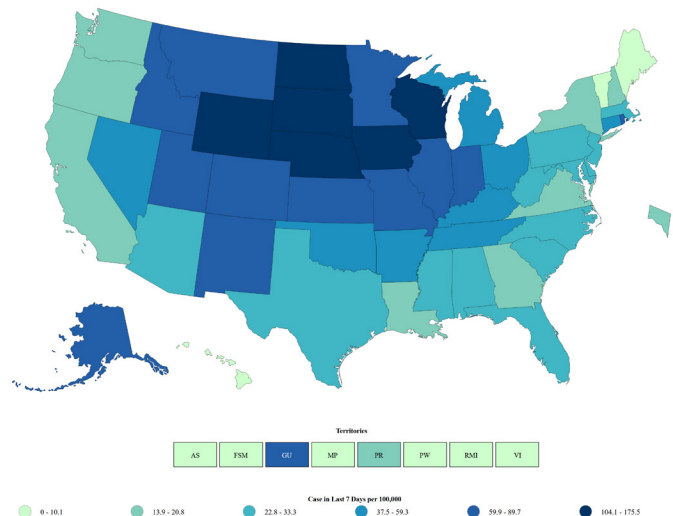
A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:

- meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or
 - meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or
 - meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19.
- State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

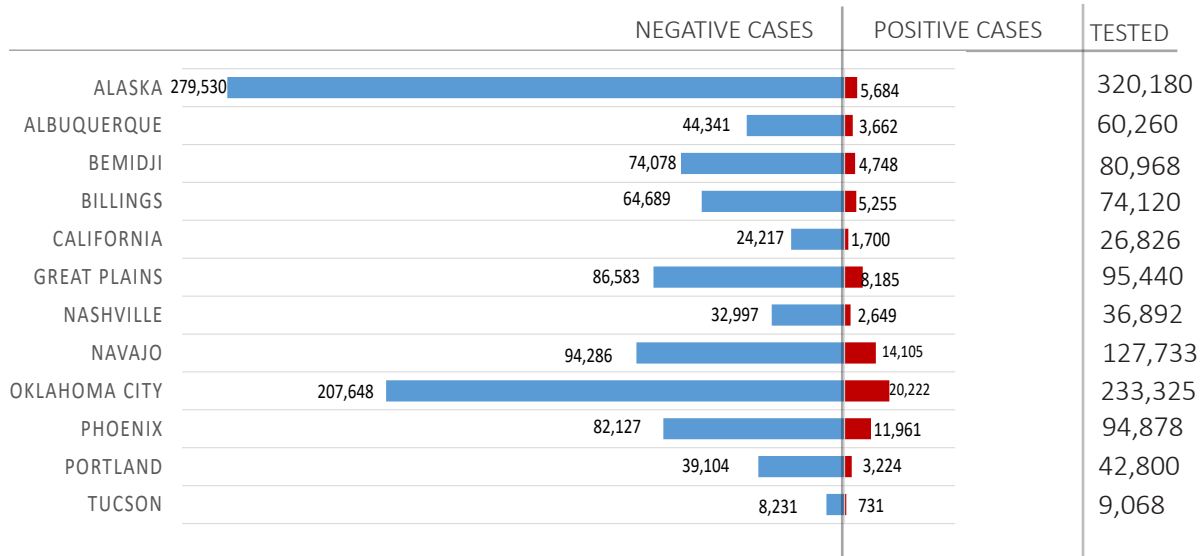
National Laboratory Testing Data

- Total tests reported: 160,684,177
- Positive tests reported: 12,008,474
- Percent of positive tests: 7%





CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19) SITUATIONAL REPORT #170 NOVEMBER 12, 2020



*as of 11:59PM EST November 10, 2020

CALIFORNIA

As of November 11, 2020, there were a total of 991,609 positive cases and 18,108 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:

- Age 0-17: 107,582 cases
- Age 18-49: 592,114 cases
- Age 50-64: 186,603 cases
- Age 65 and older: 104,403 cases
- Unknown/Missing: 907 cases

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:

- Female: 501,490 cases
- Male: 482,394 cases
- Unknown: 7,725 cases

Lab tests reported statewide: 20,342,072

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

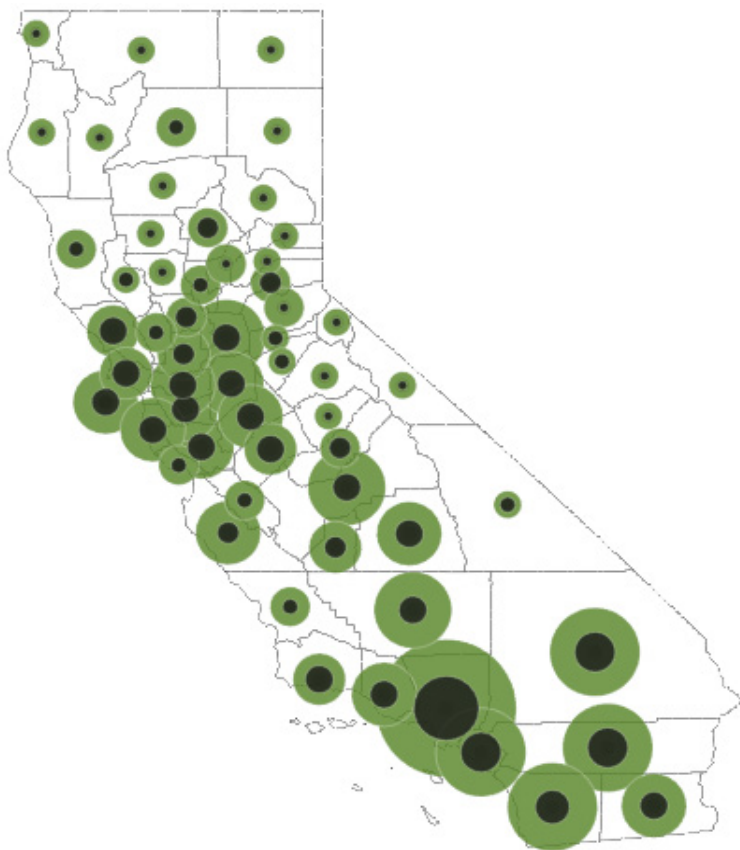
Click [HERE](#) to find your nearest testing site.

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE CALIFORNIA AREA

26,826 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 11/10/2020.

Of these, 1,700 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 24,217 have tested negative for COVID-19.

CONFIRMED CASES AND DEATHS BY COUNTY



Counties with most reported cases

Los Angeles	324,567
Riverside	72,953
San Bernardino	70,374
Orange	62,929
San Diego	61,746

Counties with most reported deaths

Los Angeles	7,216
Orange	1,514
Riverside	1,352
San Bernardino	1,096
San Diego	915

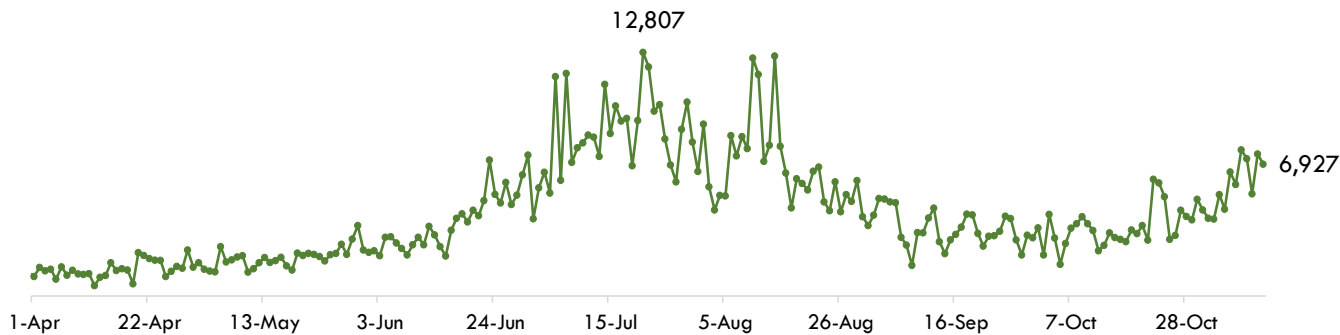
For an interactive version of this map online, click [HERE](#).

As of 11/12/2020. Source: CDPH

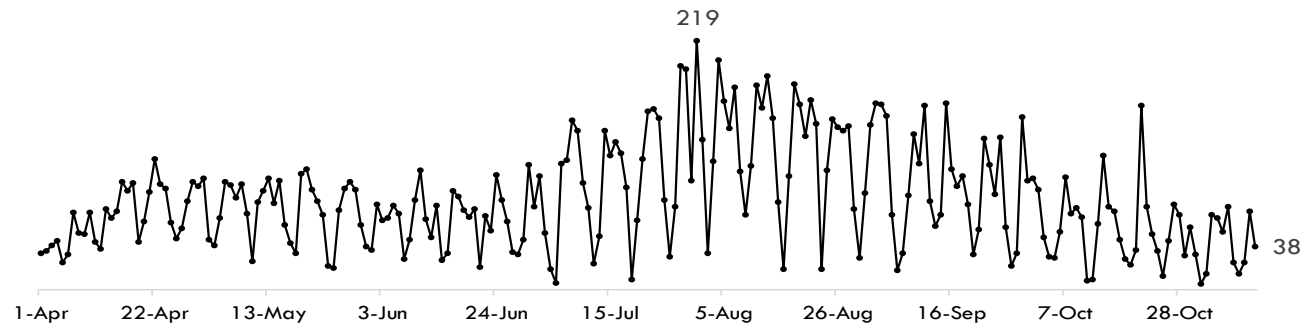
991,609 Cases
in California

18,108 Deaths
in California

New Confirmed Cases in California by Date



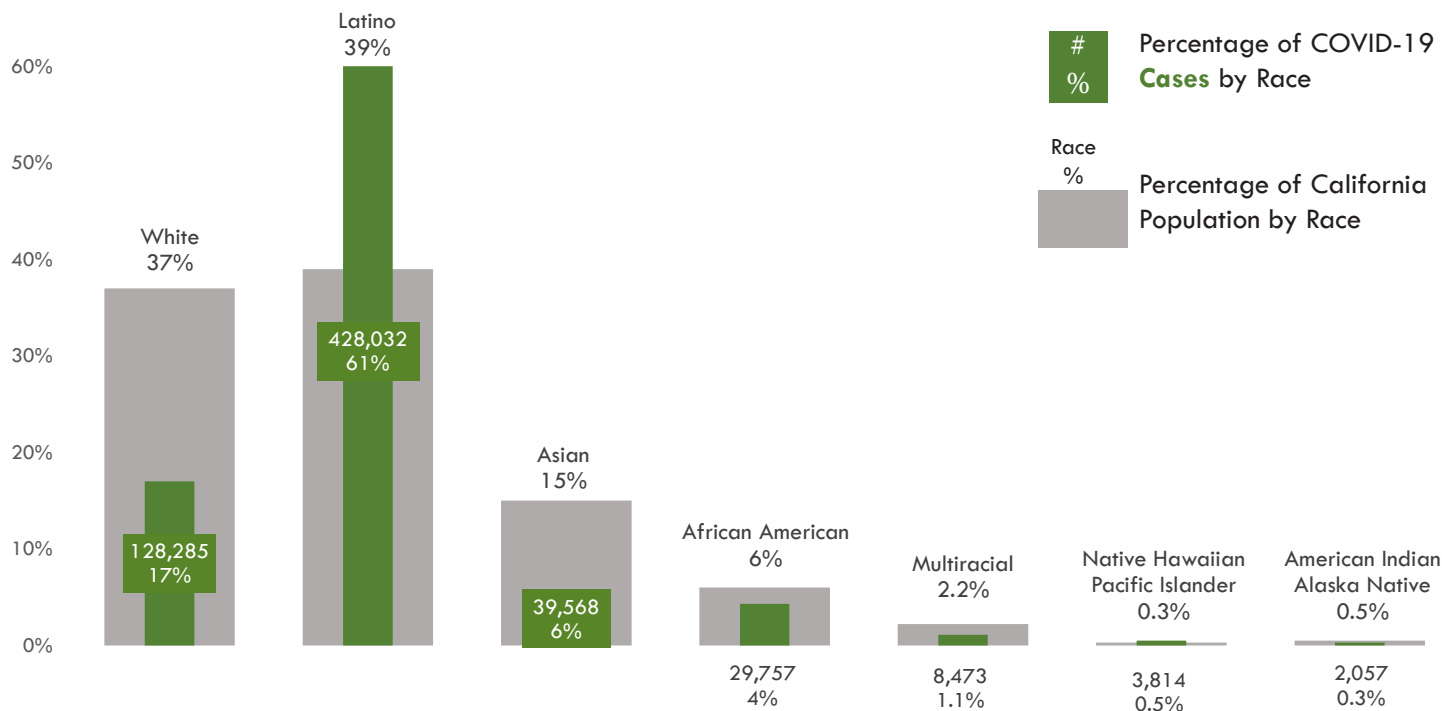
New Confirmed Deaths in California by Date



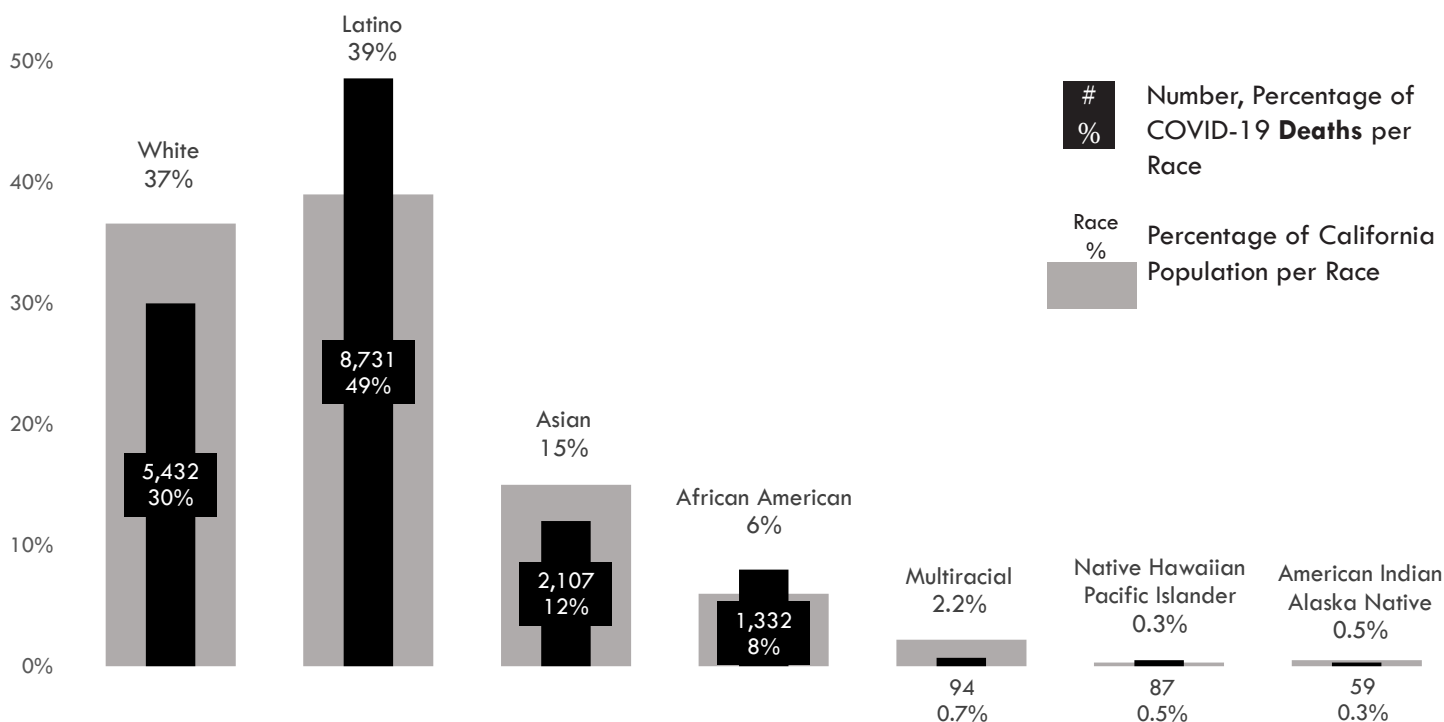
As of 11/12/2020. Source: CDPH

Racial distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, **0.3% of COVID-19 cases**, and **0.3% of deaths** in California. This includes a total of **2,057 cases** and **59 deaths** among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.



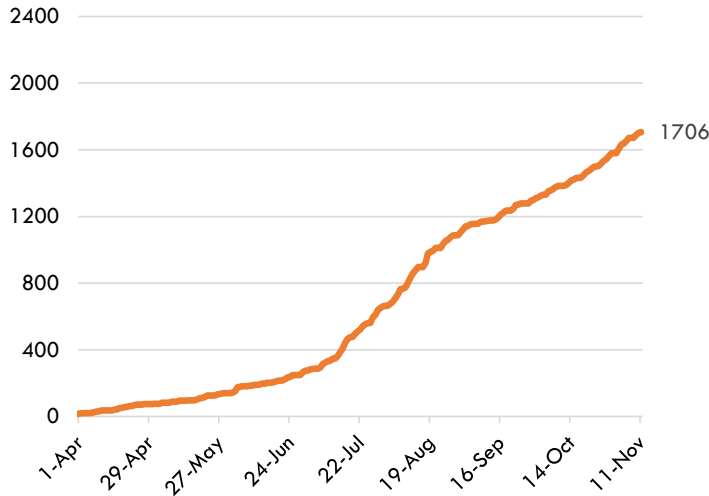
Latinos and African Americans are dying at disproportionately high rates in California. The proportion of COVID-19 deaths in Latinos is 1.3 times their population representation across all adult age categories.



Note: 29% of cases and 1% of deaths are of unknown race/ethnicity. As of 11/12/2020. Source: CDPH

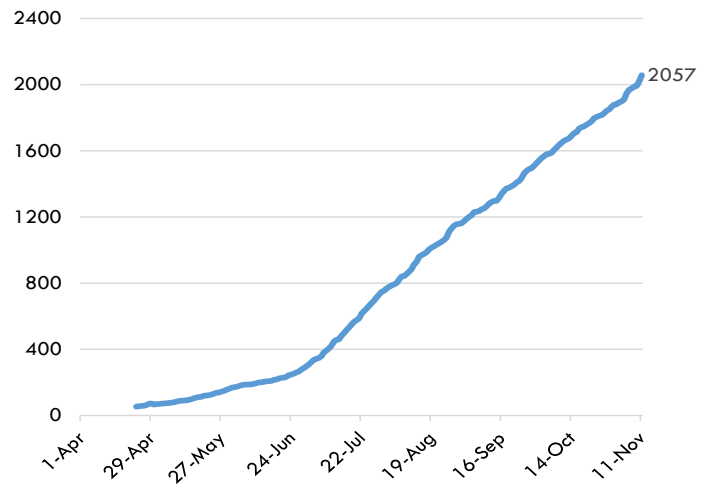
Two sources for tracking American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) cases reported in California

Data from the **Indian Health Service (IHS)** include positive cases reported by Tribal and Urban Indian Health Programs.



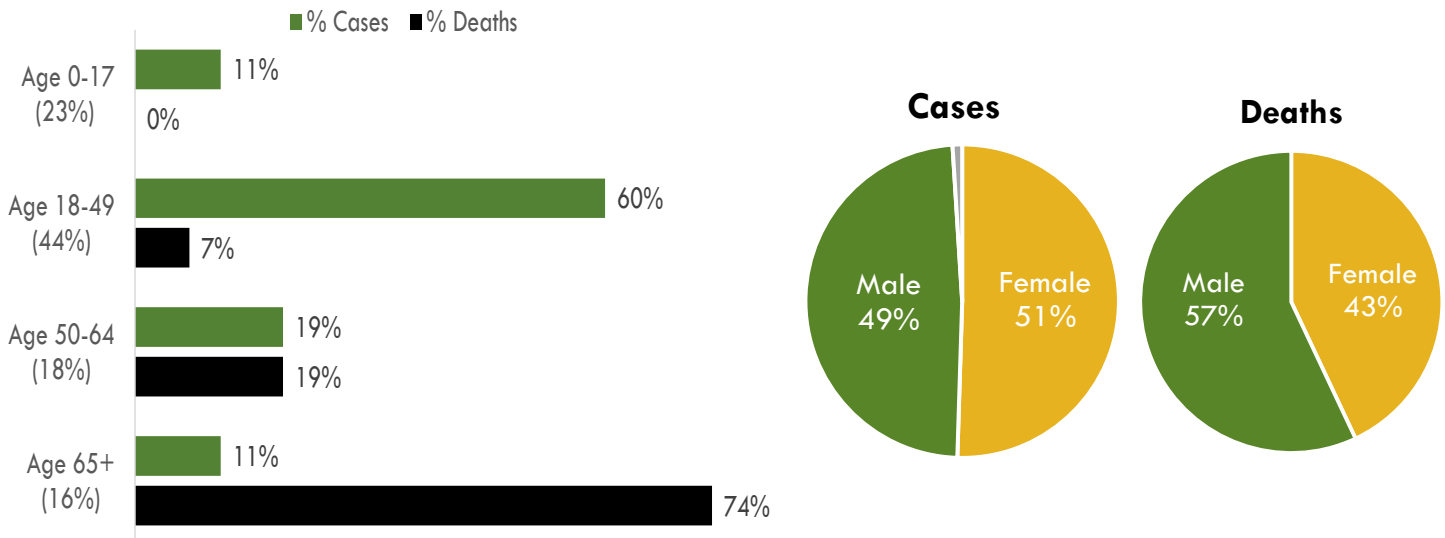
As of 11/12/2020. Source: IHS

Data from **California Department of Public Health (CDPH)** include all positive cases of AIAN diagnosed in California.



As of 11/12/2020. Source: CDPH

Age and gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California



Note: Demographic percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding. As of 11/12/2020. Source: CDPH

California COVID-19 threat level: **At risk of outbreak**

DAILY NEW CASES

16.2 PER 100K

VERY LARGE NUMBER OF NEW CASES

INFECTION RATE

1.14

ACTIVE CASES ARE RAPIDLY INCREASING

POSITIVE TEST RATE

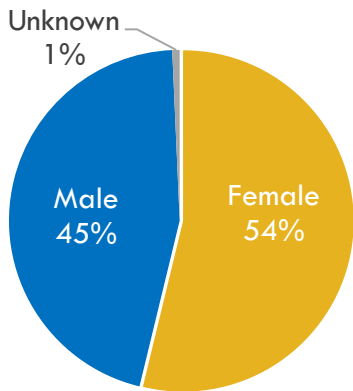
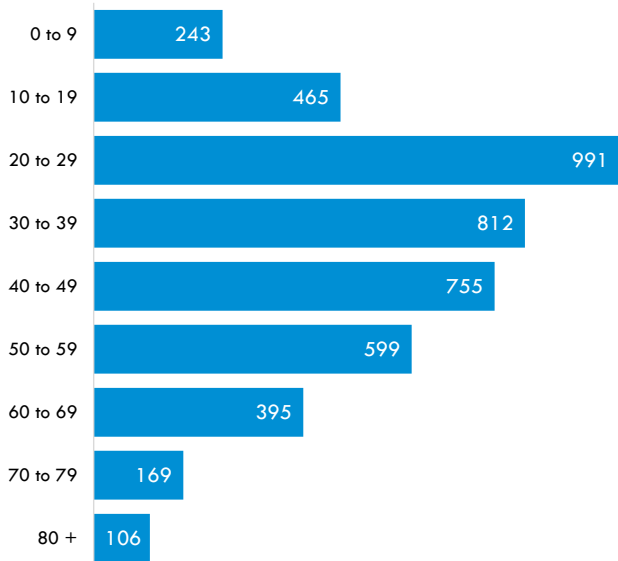
4.3%

INDICATES ADEQUATE TESTING

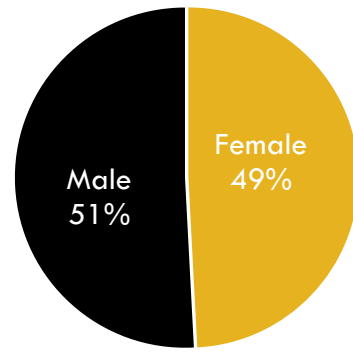
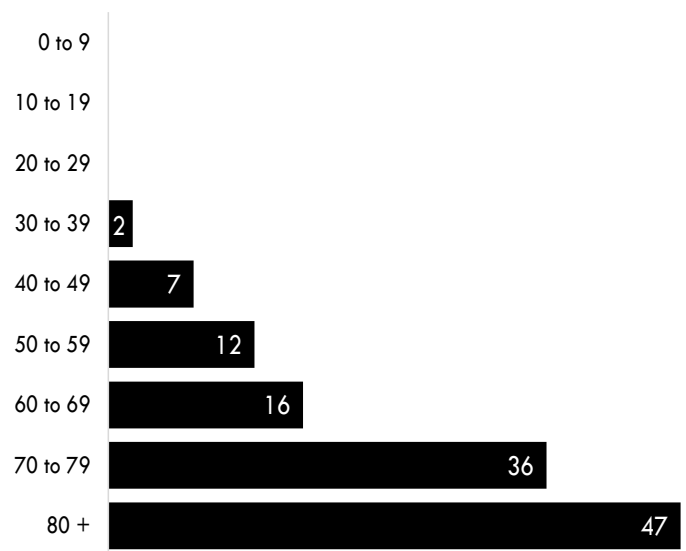
As of 11/12/2020. Source: COVID Act Now

American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) data reported by California to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

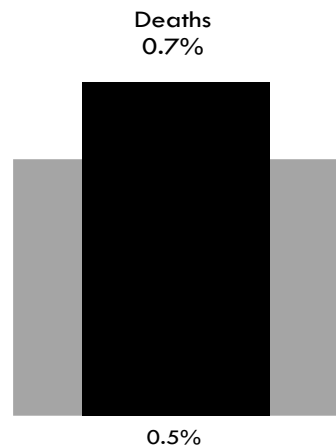
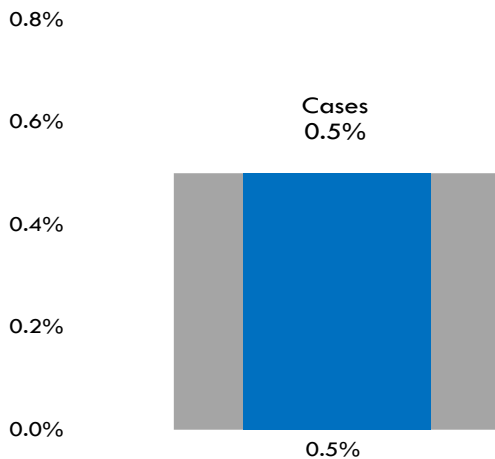
Positive COVID-19 cases among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender



COVID-19 deaths among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender



CDC data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates that are proportionate to their population in California but dying at rates that are higher. This includes a total of **4,538 cases** and **120 deaths**.



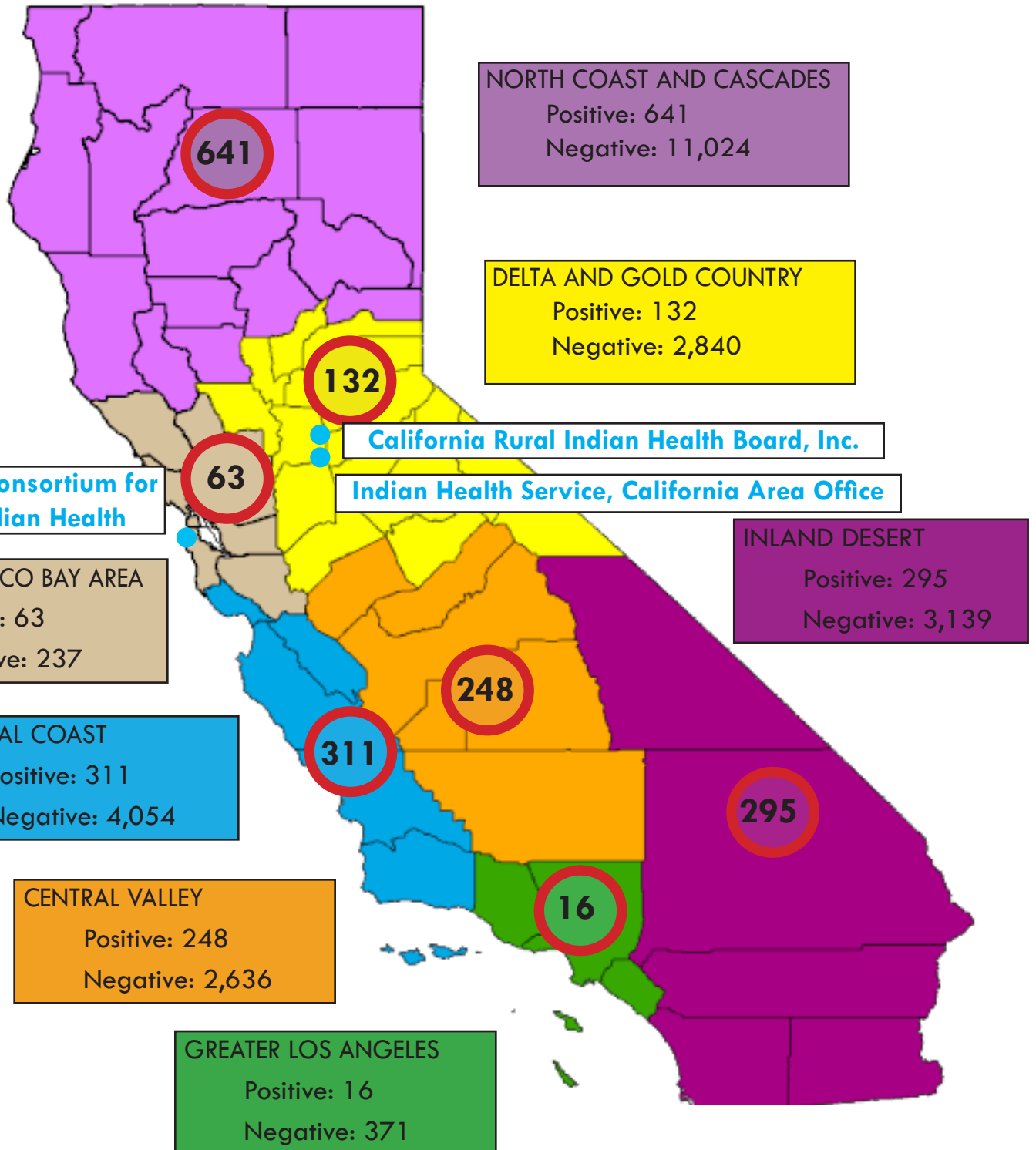
As of 11/9/2020. Source: CDC

COVID-19 testing information from patients seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.



Number of positive cases identified by region



American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) COVID-19 cases reported by local public health departments in selected California counties

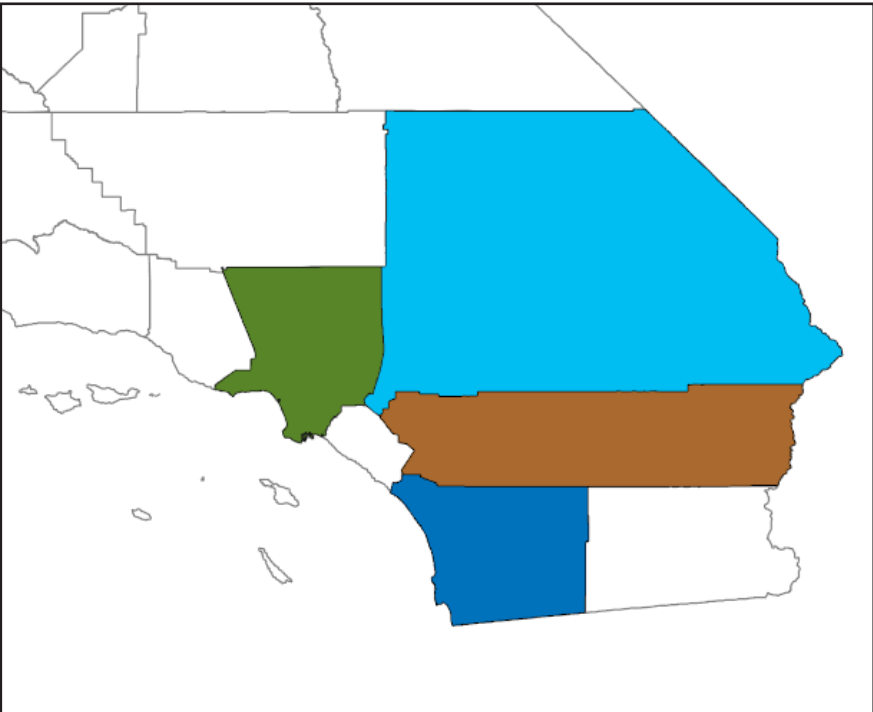
Los Angeles County*	
AIAN Cases	296
AIAN Deaths	16
AIAN Tested	2,516

*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

San Bernardino County	
AIAN Cases	284
AIAN Deaths	7

San Diego County	
AIAN Cases	189
AIAN Deaths	1
AIAN Tested	3,755

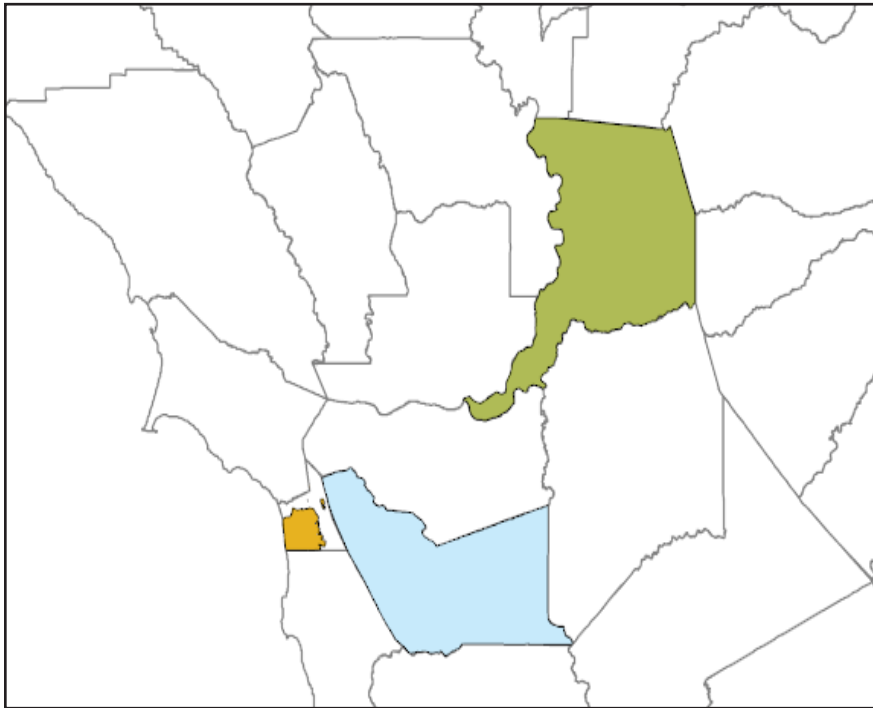
Riverside County	
AIAN Cases	144
AIAN Deaths	7



Sacramento	
AIAN Cases	102
AIAN Deaths	5

San Francisco	
AIAN Cases	40
AIAN Deaths	na

Alameda	
AIAN Cases	41
AIAN Deaths	na



As of 11/12/2020. Source: County of Los Angeles Public Health, San Bernardino County Department of Public Health, San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry, Riverside University Health System-Public Health, Sacramento County Public Health, DataSF, and Alameda County Department of Public Health.

TRIBAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND SHELTER IN PLACE DECLARATIONS



Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.



Tribes Issuing Shelter in Place Order

- 28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
- 74. Wiyot Tribe



Emergency Declarations (n=76)

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians 2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians 3. Barona Band of Mission Indians 4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria 5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California 6. Big Lagoon Rancheria 7. Big Pine Paiute Tribe 8. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians 9. Bishop Paiute Tribe 10. Blue Lake Rancheria 11. Buena Vista Rancheria 12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians 13. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community 14. Cahto Tribe 15. Cahuilla Band of Indians 16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe 17. Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria 18. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California 19. Colorado River Indian Tribes 20. Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians 21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians 22. Elk Valley Rancheria 23. Enterprise Rancheria 24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation 26. Fort Mojave Indian Tribe 27. Habematolel Pomo of Upper Lake Tribe 28. Hoopa Valley Tribe 29. Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel 30. Jamul Indian Village 31. Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria 32. La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians 33. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe 34. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cupeno Indians 35. Karuk Tribe 36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Pomo Indians 37. Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians 38. Mechoopda Indian Tribe 39. Mesa Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians 40. Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California 41. Mooretown Rancheria 42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians 43. North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California 44. Pala Band of Mission Indians 45. Pauma Band of Luiseno Indians 46. Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians 47. Picayune Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians 48. Pit River Tribe 49. Quartz Valley Indian Reservation 50. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 51. Ramona Band of Cahuilla 52. Redding Rancheria 53. Resighini Rancheria 54. Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians 55. Robinson Rancheria 56. Round Valley Indian Tribes 57. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians 58. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians 59. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians 60. Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians 61. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians 62. Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians 63. Susanville Indian Rancheria 64. Sycuan Band of the Kumeeyaay Nation 65. Table Mountain Rancheria 66. Tachi Yokut Tribe 67. Tolowa Dee-Ni' Nation 68. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians 69. Tule River Tribe 70. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians 71. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians 72. Viejas Band of Kumeeyaay Indians 73. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California 74. Wilton Rancheria 75. Wiyot Tribe 76. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation 77. Yurok Tribe |
|--|---|---|

TRIBAL CASINOS

There are 66 tribal casinos in California. As of October 13, 2020, all of these casinos are open and operating.

TRIBAL HEAD START

Beginning in early September 2020, some Tribal early childhood education programs, such as Head Start, will begin reopening either in person, virtually, or in combination of both (i.e. hybrid program). Please check with local school districts, Tribes, or Lead Agencies for start dates.

Note: CRIHB's COVID response team will continue to monitor these tribal programs and facilities as the situation progresses.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact:
Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org