

DAILY HIGHLIGHTS

Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 50.26 million with more than 1.25 million deaths.

In the United States, the total number of cases stands at 9,913,553 and deaths at 237,037.

As many people in the United States begin to plan for fall and winter holiday celebrations, CDC offers the following considerations to help protect individuals and their families, friends, and communities from COVID-19. For this year's Thanksgiving guidance, please click HERE.

Join the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Region II National Preparedness Division for a webinar on face mask guidance and specific considerations for people with disabilities. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends wearing a face mask as an important way to slow the spread of COVID-19. There are many masks to choose from and Duke University has recently developed a low-cost technique for the measurement of face mask efficacy for filtering droplets emitted during speech. This webinar will describe the set-up of this technique, preliminary results from a range of commonly available face mask types, and the potential of this technology as a demonstration and testing method for the community. This webinar will also discuss when to wear a face mask, reasons why a person with a disability might not be able to wear a face mask, and the legal rights a person has under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). The webinar is not intended to be legal advice but rather general guidance. The webinar will take place Tuesday, November 10, 2020 from 2:30-4:00 PM EST. Register for the webinar HERE.

UNITED STATES

COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance*

- Total cases: 9,913,553
- Total deaths: 237,037
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

*As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020.

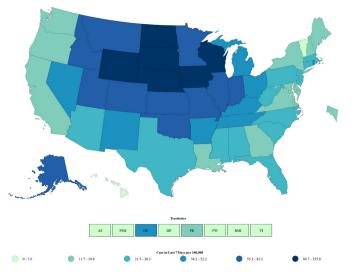
A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:

i) meeting clinical criteria AND epidémiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or ii) meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or iii) meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID19. State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

National Laboratory Testing Data

- Total tests reported: 156,318,520
- Positive tests reported: 11,572,268
- Percent of positive tests: 7%





CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19) ITUATIONAL REPORT #168 NOVEMBER 09, 2020



		Ν	EGATIVE CASES	POSITIVE	CASES	TESTED
ALASKA 277,097				5,424		314,584
ALBUQUERQUE			43,655	3,457		58,711
BEMIDJI		70,	701	4,137		78,342
BILLINGS		63,84	40	5,079		73,019
CALIFORNIA			23,684	1,652		26,125
GREAT PLAINS		84,059		7,443		92,671
NASHVILLE			32,268	2,582		35,963
NAVAJO		92,477		13,787		125,074
OKLAHOMA CITY	203,037			19,071		227,560
PHOENIX		80,923		11,791		93,982
PORTLAND			38,004	3,160		71,745
TUCSON			8,093	704		8,903
					*as of 1	1:59PM EST November 7, 2

CALIFORNIA

As of November 8, 2020, there were a total of 971,851 positive cases and 17,977 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:

- Age 0-17: 105,005 cases
- Age 18-49: 580,281 cases
- Age 50-64: 183,085 cases
- Age 65 and older: 102,592 cases
- Unknown/Missing: 888 cases

Lab tests reported statewide: 19,918,479

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:

- Female: 491,542 cases
- Male: 472,695 cases
- Unknown: 7,614 cases

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

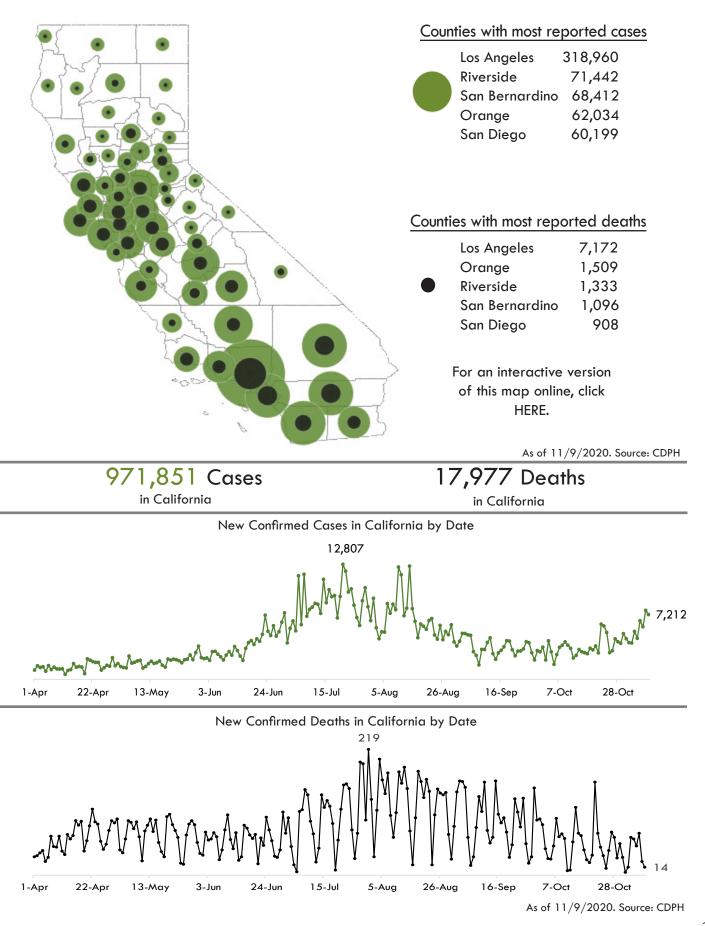
Click <u>HERE</u> to find your nearest testing site.

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE CALIFORNIA AREA

26,125 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 11/7/2020.

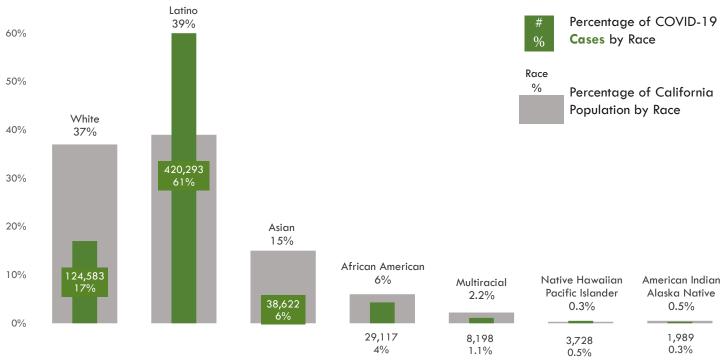
Of these, 1,652 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 23,684 have tested negative for COVID-19.

CONFIRMED CASES AND DEATHS BY COUNTY

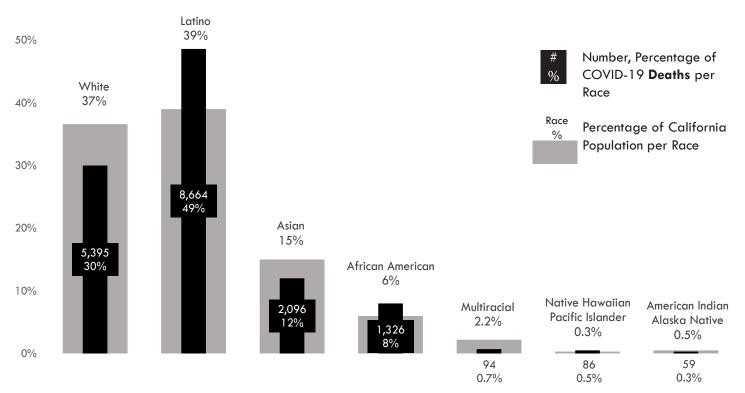


Racial distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, 0.3% of COVID-19 cases, and 0.3% of deaths in California. This includes a total of 1,989 cases and 59 deaths among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.

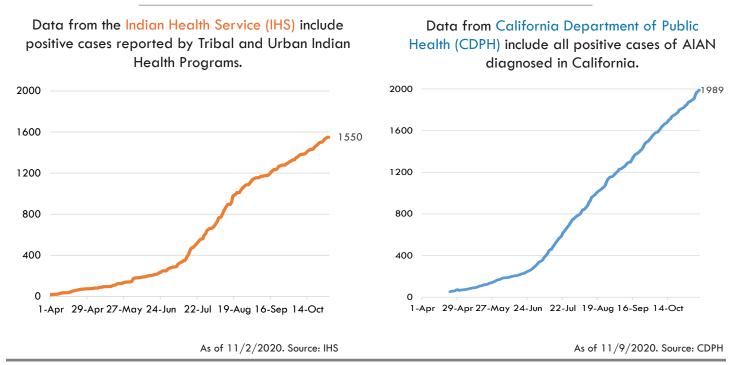


Latinos and African Americans are dying at disproportionately high rates in California. The proportion of COVID-19 deaths in Latinos is 1.3 times their population representation across all adult age categories.

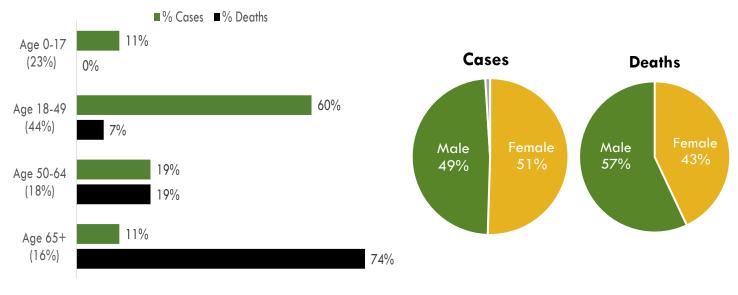


Note: 29% of cases and 1% of deaths are of unknown race/ethnicity. As of 11/9/2020. Source: CDPH

Two sources for tracking American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) cases reported in California



Age and gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California



Note: Demographic percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding. As of 11/9/2020. Source: CDPH

California COVID-19 threat level: At risk of outbreak

DAILY NEW CASES



INFECTION RATE



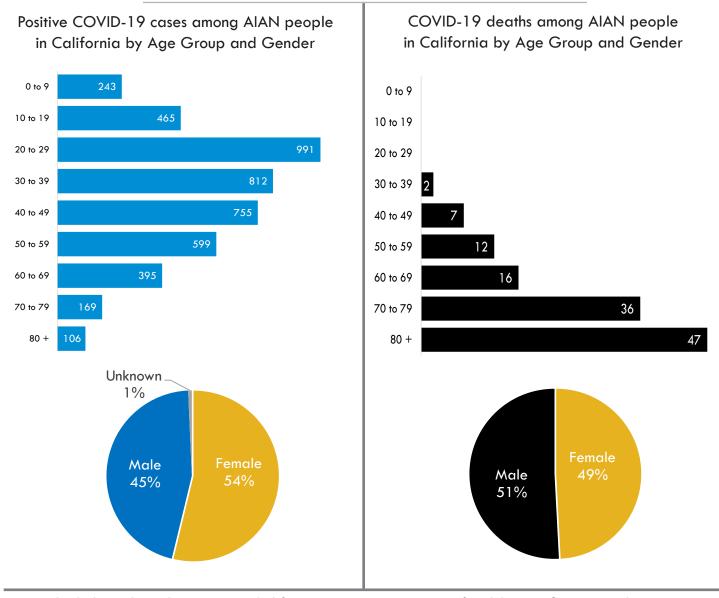
ACTIVE CASES ARE RAPIDLY INCREASING **POSITIVE TEST RATE**



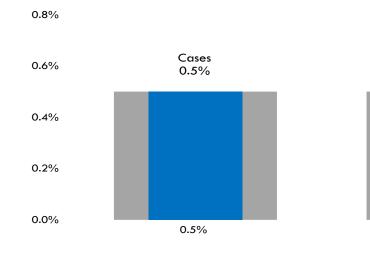
INDICATES ADEQUATE TESTING

As of 11/9/2020. Source: COVID Act Now

American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) data reported by California to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)



CDC data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates that are proportionate to their population in California but dying at rates that are higher. This includes a total of 4,538 cases and 120 deaths.

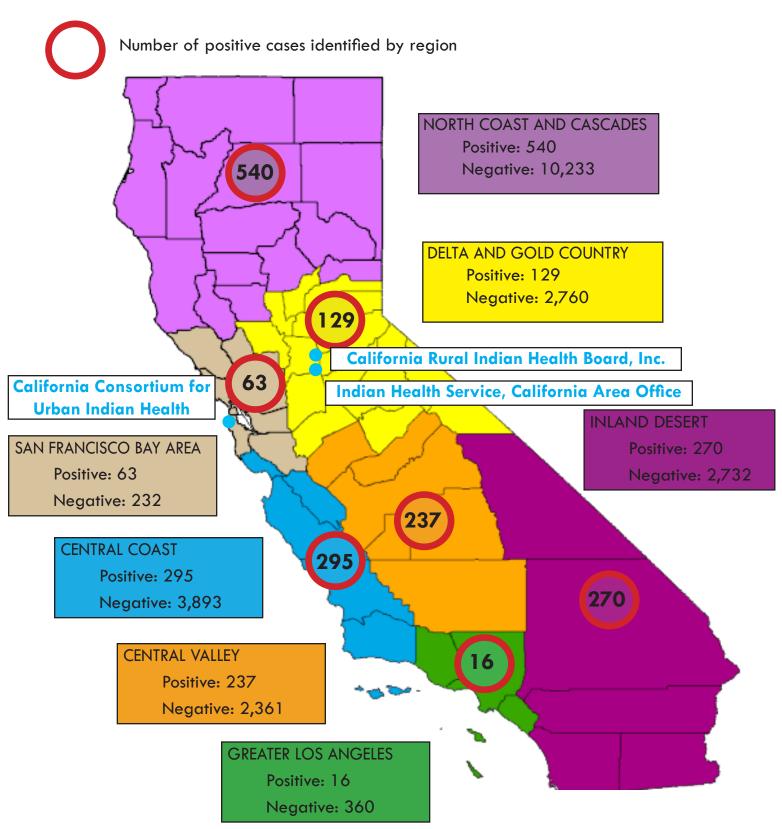




As of 11/9/2020. Source: CDC

COVID-19 testing information from patients seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.



American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) COVID-19 cases reported by local public health departments in selected California counties

Los Angeles	County*
AIAN Cases	290
AIAN Deaths	16
AIAN Tested	2,462

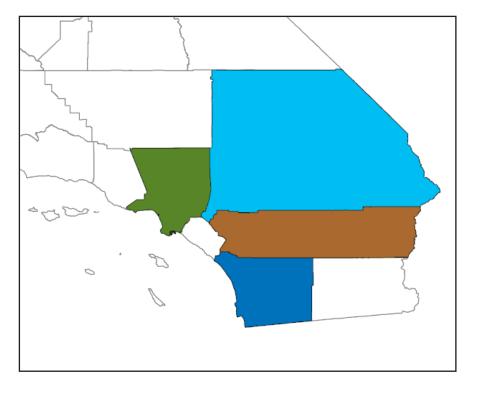
*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

	County
AIAN Cases	274
AIAN Deaths	7

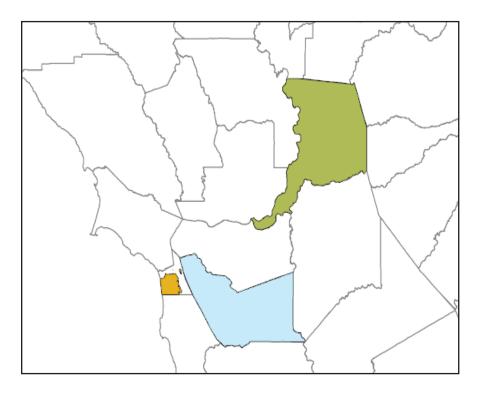
San Diego Co	ounty				
AIAN Cases	188				
AIAN Deaths	1				
AIAN Tested	3,755				
Riverside County					
AIAN Cases	140				

7

AIAN Deaths

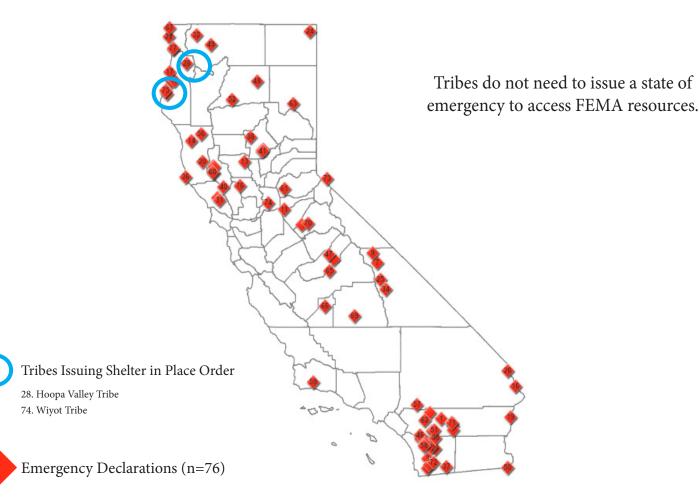


Sacramento	
AIAN Cases	93
AIAN Deaths	5
San Francisco	
AIAN Cases	39
AIAN Deaths	na
Alameda	
AIAN Cases	41
AIAN Deaths	na



As of 11/9/2020. Source: County of Los Angeles Public Health, San Bernardino County Department of Public Health, San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry, Riverside University Health System-Public Health, Sacramento County Public Health, DataSF, and Alameda County Department of Public Health.

TRIBAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND SHELTER IN PLACE DECLARATIONS



- 1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
- 2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians
- 3. Barona Band of Mission Indians
- 4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria
- 5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California
- 6. Big Lagoon Rancheria
- 7. Big Pine Paiute Tribe
- 8. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians
- 9. Bishop Paiute Tribe
- 10. Blue Lake Rancheria
- 11. Buena Vista Rancheria
- 12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
- 13. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community
- 14. Cahto Tribe
- 15. Cahuilla Band of Indians
- 16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe
- 17. Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria
- Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
- 19. Colorado River Indian Tribes
- 20. Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians
- 21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians
- 22. Elk Valley Rancheria
- 23. Enterprise Rancheria
- 24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA

- 25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation
- 26. Fort Mojave Indian Tribe
- 27. Habematolel Pomo of Upper Lake Tribe
- 28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
- 29. Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel
- 30. Jamul Indian Village
- 31. Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria
- 32. La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians
- 33. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe
- 34. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cupeño Indians
- 35. Karuk Tribe
- 36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Pomo Indians
- 37. Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
- 38. Mechoopda Indian Tribe
- 39. Mesa Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
- 40. Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California
- 41. Mooretown Rancheria
- 42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians
- 43. North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California
- 44. Pala Band of Mission Indians
- 45. Pauma Band of Luiseño Indians
- 46. Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians
- 47. Picayune Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians
- 48. Pit River Tribe
- 49. Quartz Valley Indian Reservation
- 50. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation

- 51. Ramona Band of Cahuilla
- 52. Redding Rancheria
- 53. Resighini Rancheria
- 54. Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians
- 55. Robinson Rancheria
- 56. Round Valley Indian Tribes
- 57. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians
- 58. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
- 59. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians
- 60. Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians
- 61. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians
- 62. Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians
- 63. Susanville Indian Rancheria
- 64. Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
- 65. Table Mountain Rancheria
- 66. Tachi Yokut Tribe
- 67. Tolowa Dee-Ni' Nation
- 68. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
- 69. Tule River Tribe
- 70. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians
- 71. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians
- 72. Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
- 73. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California
- 74. Wilton Rancheria
- 75. Wivot Tribe
- 76. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation
- 77. Yurok Tribe

TRIBAL CASINOS

There are 66 tribal casinos in California. As of October 13, 2020, all of these casinos are open and operating.

TRIBAL HEAD START

Beginning in early September 2020, some Tribal early childhood education programs, such as Head Start, will begin reopening either in person, virtually, or in combination of both (i.e. hybrid program). Please check with local school districts, Tribes, or Lead Agencies for start dates.

Note: CRIHB's COVID response team will continue to monitor these tribal programs and facilities as the situation progresses.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact: Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org