

## DAILY HIGHLIGHTS

Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 39.94 million with more than 1.11 million deaths.

The total number of cases in the U.S. increased from 7,958,254 as reported on Friday 10/16/2020 to 8,019,237 reported today. The number of deaths in the U.S. increased from 216,917 to 217,659.

As many people in the United States begin to plan for fall and winter holiday celebrations, CDC offers the following considerations to help protect individuals and their families, friends, and communities from COVID-19. These considerations are meant to supplement—not replace—any state, local, territorial, or tribal health and safety laws, rules, and regulations with which holiday gatherings must comply. When planning to host a holiday celebration, you should assess current COVID-19 levels in your community to determine whether to postpone, cancel, or limit the number of attendees. For this year’s Halloween guidance, please click [HERE](#).

Simultaneous outbreaks of flu and COVID-19 will drain the state’s health care resources. Getting a flu shot protects you and your family. To find a flu shot near you, click [HERE](#).

Various news outlets are reporting that coronavirus cases have risen to their highest level since late July. The U.S. is now climbing steadily toward a new peak in cases that may soon rival the summer surge with new cases having gone up by 30% from two weeks ago. You can read about this increase in cases on [HERE](#).

In September, the United States Department of Health and Human Services initiated Tribal consultation to seek input from Tribal leaders on COVID-19 vaccine planning for Indian Country. The Indian Health Service (IHS) issues a Dear Tribal Leader Letter to request input through Wednesday, October 21, on the IHS COVID-19 Pandemic Vaccine Draft Plan. Tribal programs may submit written comments on the Draft Plan to [consultation@ihs.gov](mailto:consultation@ihs.gov) - SUBJECT LINE: IHS COVID-19 Pandemic Vaccine Draft Plan. To review the Draft Plan, click [HERE](#).

## UNITED STATES

### COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance\*

- Total cases: 7,958,254
- Total deaths: 216,917
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

\*As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020.

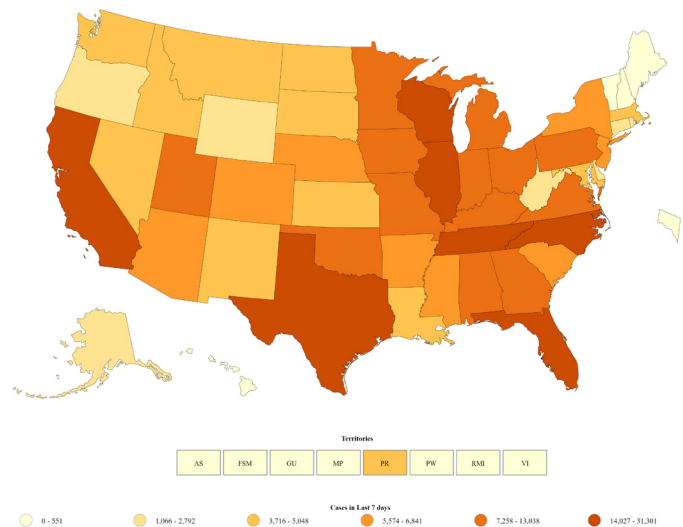
A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:

- meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or
  - meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or
  - meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19.
- State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

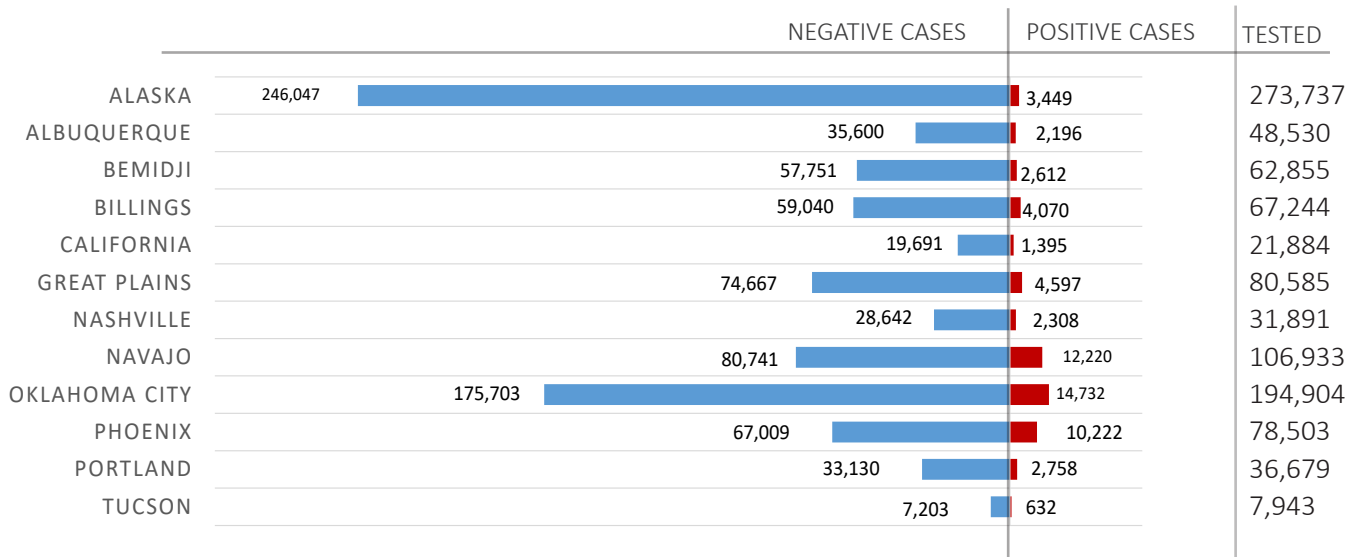
### National Laboratory Testing Data

- Total tests reported: 130,846,380
- Positive tests reported: 9,772,527
- Percent of positive tests: 7%





# CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19) SITUATIONAL REPORT #153 OCTOBER 19, 2020



As of 10/18/2020.

## CALIFORNIA

As of October 18, 2020, there were a total of 870,791 positive cases and 16,970 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:

- Age 0-17: 91,471 cases
- Age 18-49: 519,066 cases
- Age 50-64: 163,593 cases
- Age 65 and older: 92,326 cases
- Unknown/Missing: 861 cases

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:

- Female: 437,997 cases
- Male: 422,413 cases
- Unknown: 6,907 cases

Lab tests reported statewide: 17,042,408

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

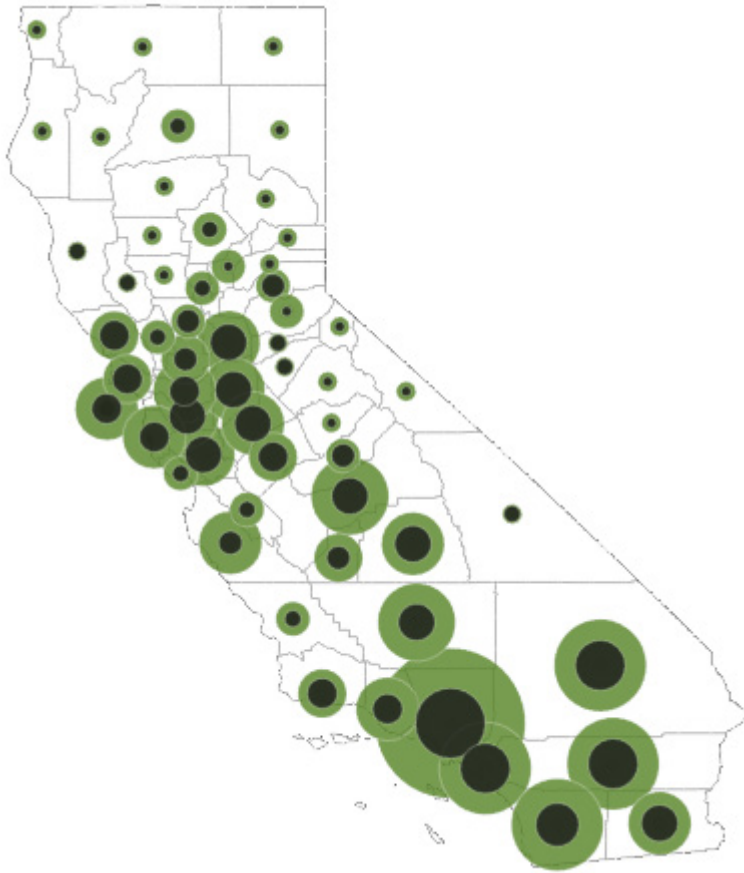
Click [HERE](#) to find your nearest testing site.

## INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE CALIFORNIA AREA

21,884 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 10/18/2020.

Of these, 1,395 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 19,691 have tested negative for COVID-19.

CONFIRMED CASES AND DEATHS BY COUNTY



Counties with most reported cases

Los Angeles	286,187
Riverside	63,765
San Bernardino	58,893
Orange	56,394
San Diego	52,359

Counties with most reported deaths

Los Angeles	6,834
Orange	1,409
Riverside	1,269
San Bernardino	1,021
San Diego	853

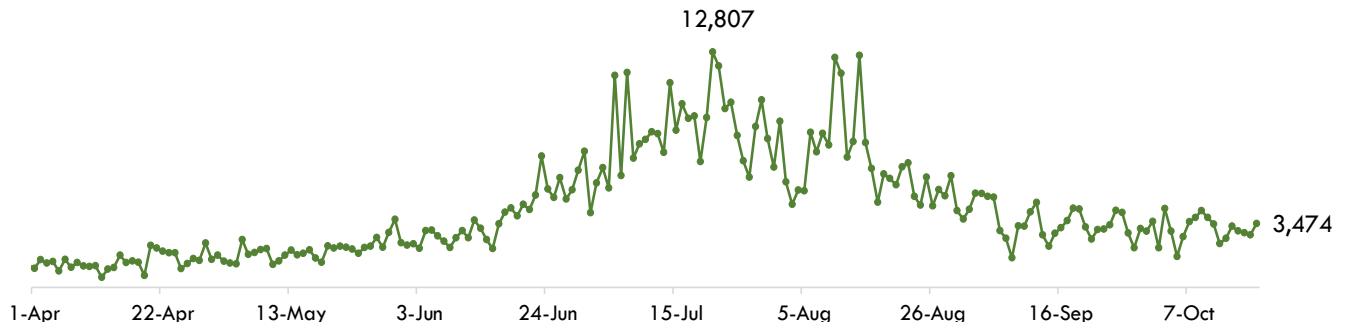
For an interactive version of this map online, click [HERE](#).

As of 10/19/2020. Source: CDPH

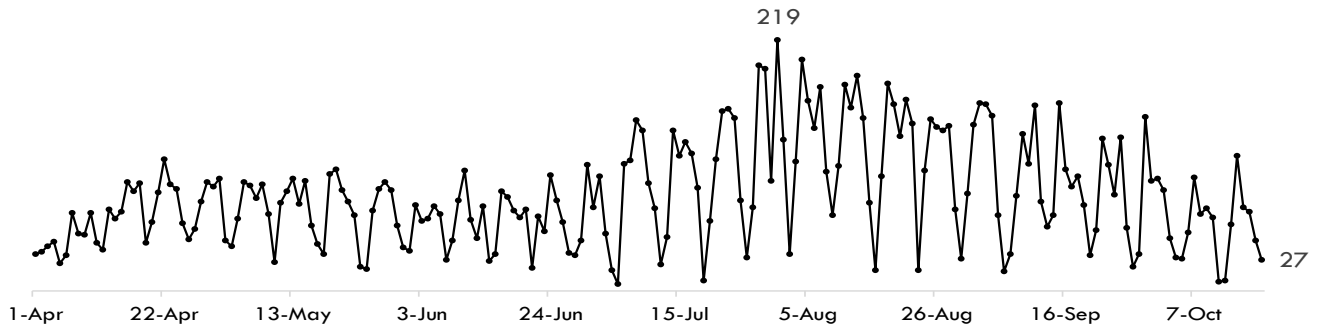
**870,791** Cases  
in California

**16,970** Deaths  
in California

New Confirmed Cases in California by Date



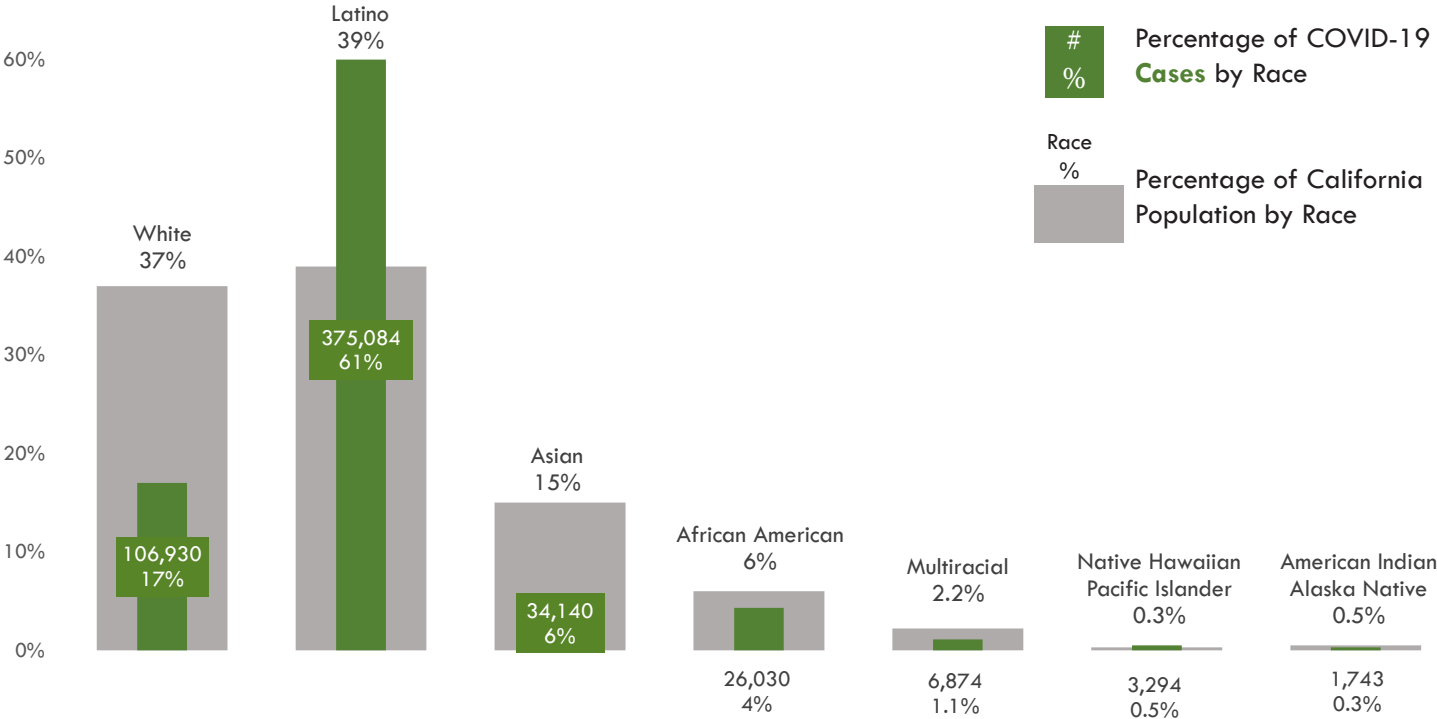
New Confirmed Deaths in California by Date



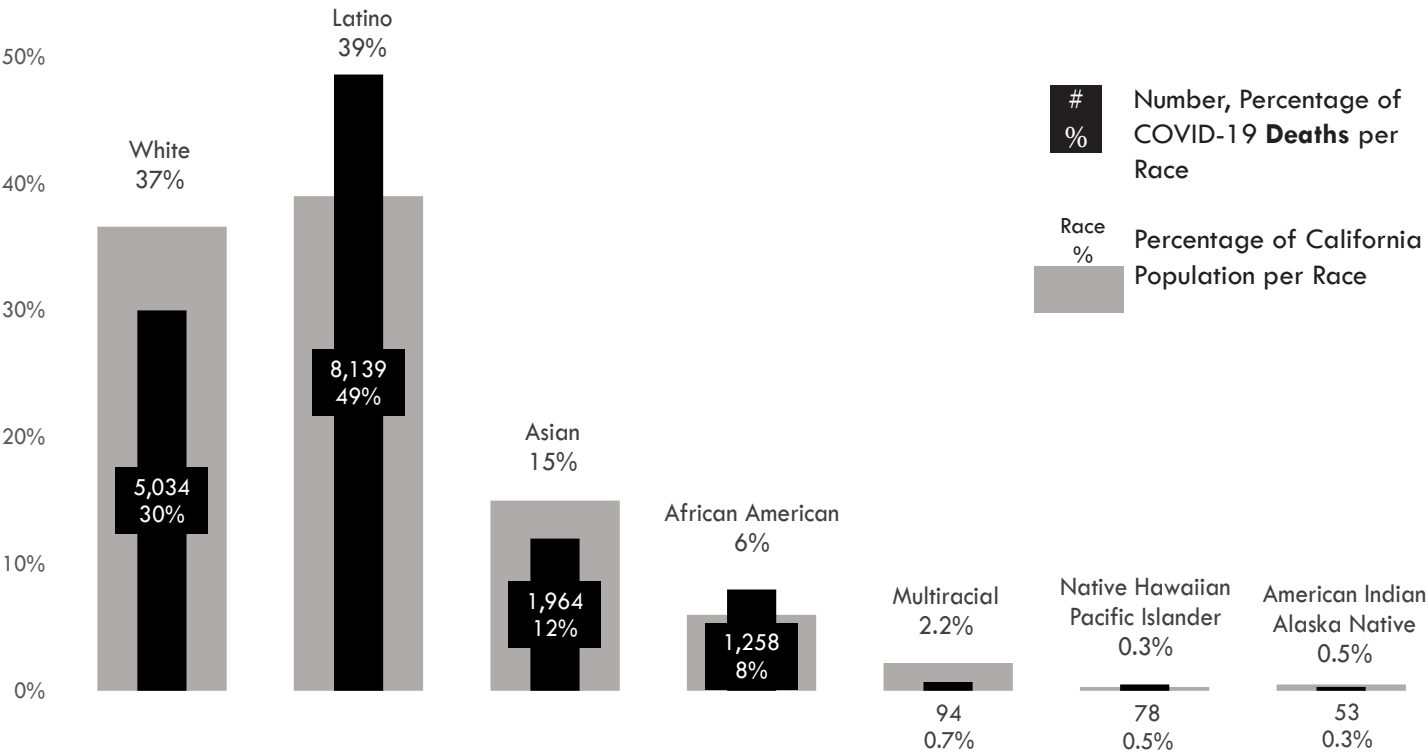
As of 10/19/2020. Source: CDPH

# Racial distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California

American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, **0.3% of COVID-19 cases**, and **0.3% of deaths** in California. This includes a total of **1,743 cases** and **53 deaths** among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.



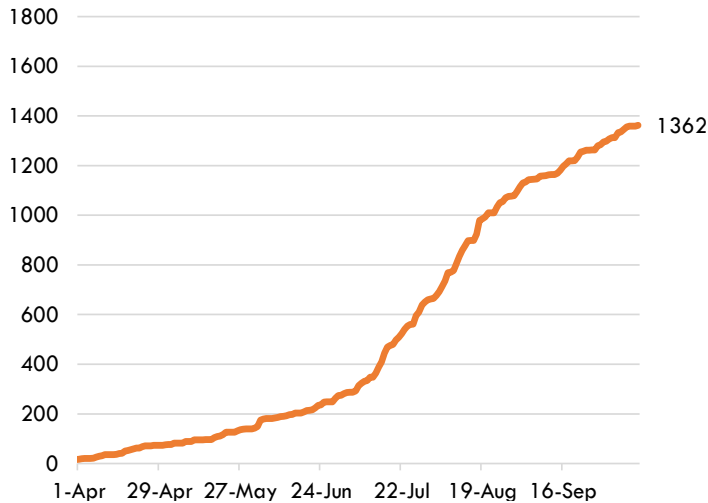
Latinos and African Americans are dying at disproportionately high rates in California. The proportion of COVID-19 deaths in Latinos is 1.3 times their population representation across all adult age categories.



Note: 30% of cases and 1% of deaths are of unknown race/ethnicity. As of 10/19/2020. Source: CDPH

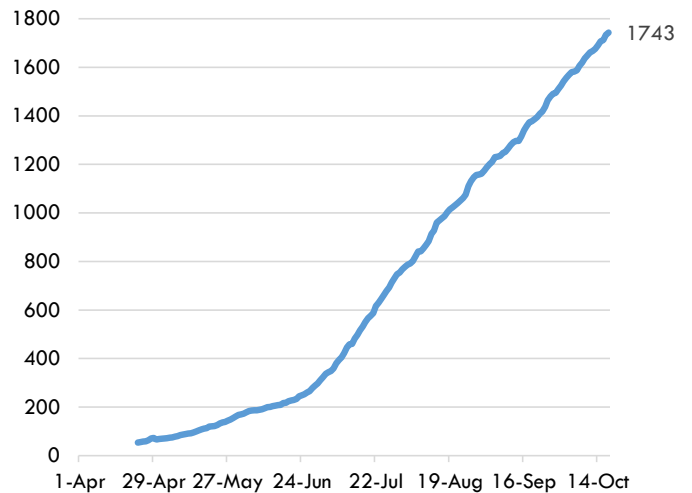
## Two sources for tracking American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) cases reported in California

Data from the **Indian Health Service (IHS)** include positive cases reported by Tribal and Urban Indian Health Programs.



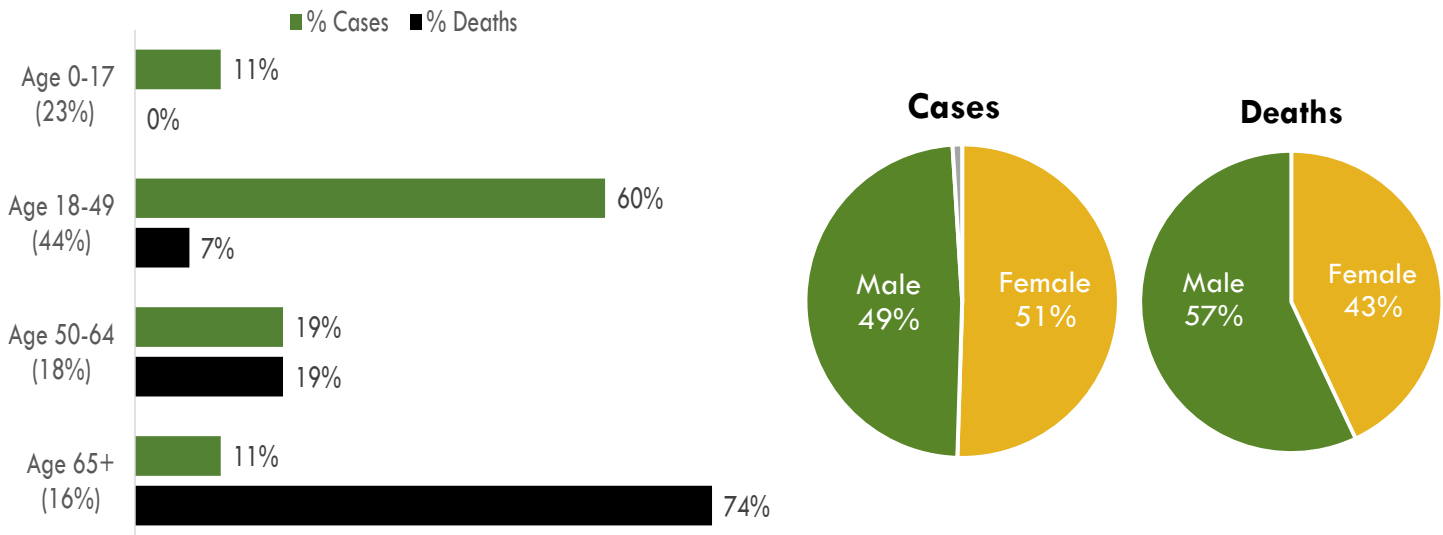
As of 10/14/2020. Source: IHS.

Data from **California Department of Public Health (CDPH)** include all positive cases of AIAN diagnosed in California.



As of 10/19/2020. Source: CDPH

## Age and gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths in California



Note: Demographic percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding. As of 10/19/2020. Source: CDPH

## California COVID-19 threat level: **Slow disease growth**

### DAILY NEW CASES

**7.7** PER 100K

COVID NOT CONTAINED, BUT AT LOW LEVELS

### INFECTION RATE

**0.97**

COVID IS STILL SPREADING, BUT SLOWLY

### POSITIVE TEST RATE

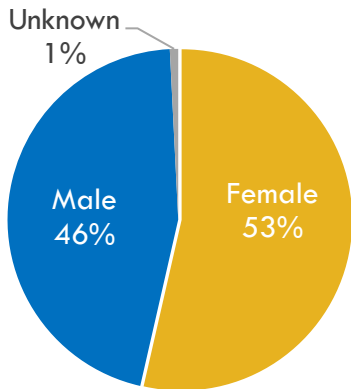
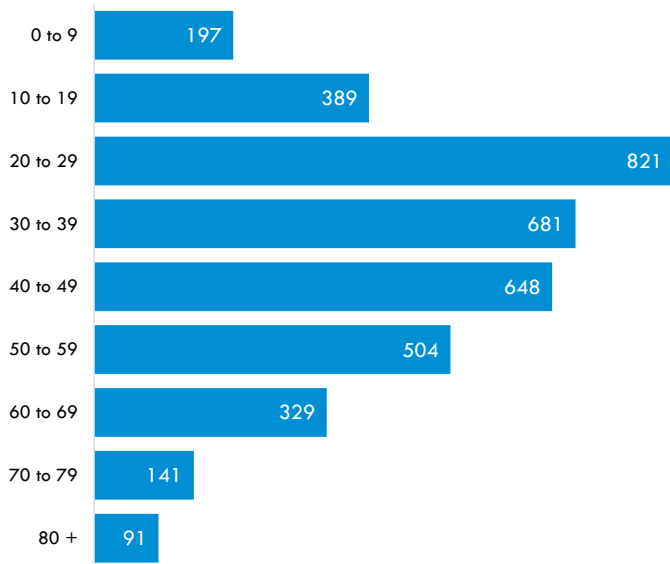
**2.5%**

INDICATES WIDESPREAD TESTING

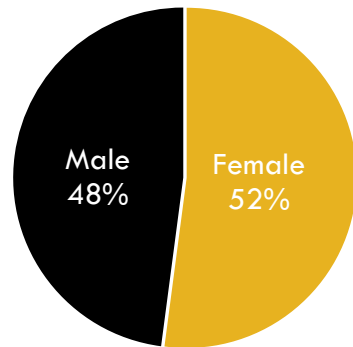
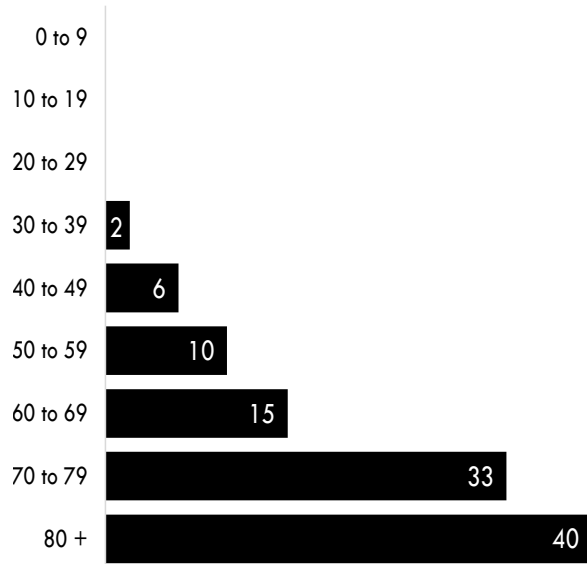
As of 10/19/2020. Source: COVID Act Now

# American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) data reported by California to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

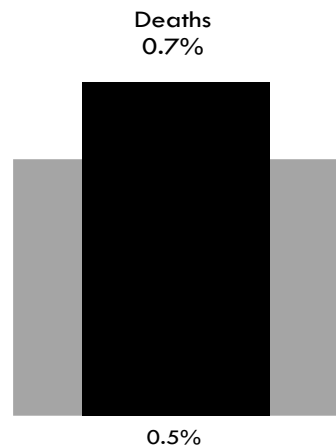
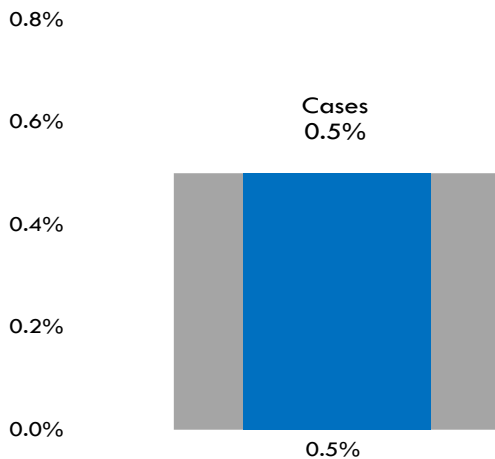
Positive COVID-19 cases among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender



COVID-19 deaths among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender



CDC data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates that are proportionate to their population in California but dying at rates that are higher. This includes a total of **3,804 cases** and **106 deaths**.



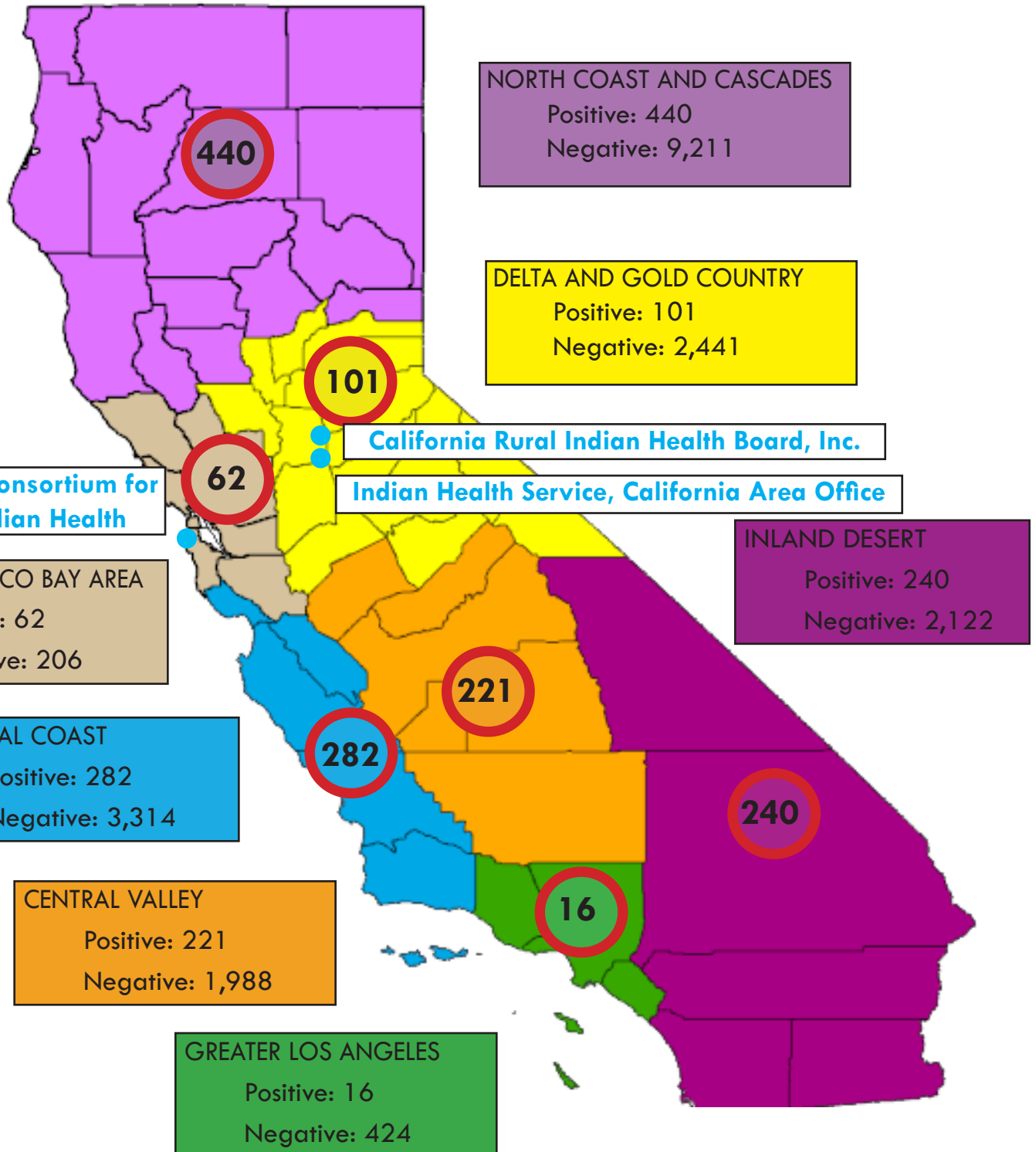
As of 10/13/2020. Source: CDC

# COVID-19 testing information from patients seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.



Number of positive cases identified by region



# American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) COVID-19 cases reported by local public health departments in selected California counties

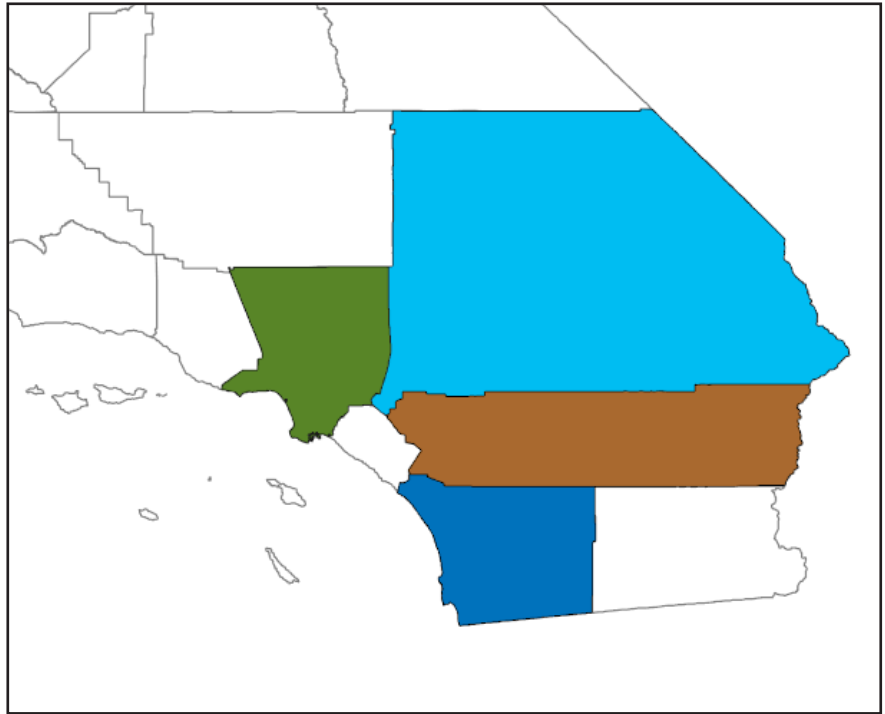
<b>Los Angeles County*</b>	
AIAN Cases	260
AIAN Deaths	12
AIAN Tested	1,635

\*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

<b>San Bernardino County</b>	
AIAN Cases	240
AIAN Deaths	7

<b>San Diego County</b>	
AIAN Cases	172
AIAN Deaths	1
AIAN Tested	2,700

<b>Riverside County</b>	
AIAN Cases	124
AIAN Deaths	7



<b>Sacramento</b>	
AIAN Cases	79
AIAN Deaths	5

<b>San Francisco</b>	
AIAN Cases	36
AIAN Deaths	na

<b>Alameda</b>	
AIAN Cases	39
AIAN Deaths	na



As of 10/19/2020. Source: County of Los Angeles Public Health, San Bernardino County Department of Public Health, San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry, Riverside University Health System-Public Health, Sacramento County Public Health, DataSF, and Alameda County Department of Public Health.



# TRIBAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND SHELTER IN PLACE DECLARATIONS



Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.



## Tribes Issuing Shelter in Place Order

- 28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
- 74. Wiyot Tribe



## Emergency Declarations (n=76)

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians                               | 25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation | 51. Ramona Band of Cahuilla                   |
| 2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians                                   | 26. Fort Mojave Indian Tribe  | 52. Redding Rancheria                         |
| 3. Barona Band of Mission Indians                                       | 27. Habematolel Pomo of Upper Lake Tribe  | 53. Resighini Rancheria                       |
| 4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria                             | 28. Hoopa Valley Tribe  | 54. Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians            |
| 5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California                 | 29. Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel  | 55. Robinson Rancheria                        |
| 6. Big Lagoon Rancheria   | 30. Jamul Indian Village  | 56. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians        |
| 7. Big Pine Paiute Tribe  | 31. Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria                               | 57. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians       |
| 8. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians                                      | 32. La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians  | 58. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians        |
| 9. Bishop Paiute Tribe  | 33. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe   | 59. Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians        |
| 10. Blue Lake Rancheria   | 34. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cupeño Indians   | 60. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians     |
| 11. Buena Vista Rancheria   | 35. Karuk Tribe   | 61. Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians            |
| 12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                                     | 36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Pomo Indians   | 62. Susanville Indian Rancheria               |
| 13. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community   | 37. Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians  | 63. Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation        |
| 14. Cahto Tribe   | 38. Mechoopda Indian Tribe  | 64. Table Mountain Rancheria                  |
| 15. Cahuilla Band of Indians  | 39. Mesa Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians  | 65. Tachi Yokut Tribe                         |
| 16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe   | 40. Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California  | 66. Tolowa Dee-Ni' Nation                     |
| 17. Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria          | 41. Mooretown Rancheria   | 67. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians   |
| 18. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California             | 42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians   | 68. Tule River Tribe                          |
| 19. Colorado River Indian Tribes  | 43. North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California  | 69. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians           |
| 20. Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians                                  | 44. Pala Band of Mission Indians  | 70. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians |
| 21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians                            | 45. Pauma Band of Luiseno Indians   | 71. Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians           |
| 22. Elk Valley Rancheria  | 46. Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians  | 72. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California     |
| 23. Enterprise Rancheria  | 47. Picayune Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians  | 73. Wilton Rancheria                          |
| 24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA | 48. Pit River Tribe   | 74. Wiyot Tribe                               |
|   | 49. Quartz Valley Indian Reservation  | 75. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation                  |
|   | 50. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation   | 76. Yurok Tribe                               |

## TRIBAL CASINOS

There are 66 tribal casinos in California. As of October 13, 2020, all of these casinos are open and operating.

## TRIBAL HEAD START

Beginning in early September 2020, some Tribal early childhood education programs, such as Head Start, will begin reopening either in person, virtually, or in combination of both (i.e. hybrid program). Please check with local school districts, Tribes, or Lead Agencies for start dates.

Note: CRIHB's COVID response team will continue to monitor these tribal programs and facilities as the situation progresses.

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If you have any questions or concerns please contact:  
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