Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 27.23 million with more than 891,000 deaths.

The total number of cases in the U.S. increased from 6,132,074 as reported on Friday 9/4/2020 to 6,287,362 reported today. The number of deaths in the U.S. increased from 186,173 to 188,688.

On Monday, August 31, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Secretary Ben Carson announced that HUD has awarded a total of $100 million to Tribes across the Nation as part of HUD’s Indian Community Development Block Grant Imminent Threat program (ICDBG-CARES). This funding helps address problems that pose an imminent threat to public health or safety of Tribal residents and will be used to help Tribes prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. See list of funding HERE.

California has a new blueprint for reducing COVID-19 in the state with revised criteria for loosening and tightening restrictions on activities. To find out how businesses and activities can open in your county, click HERE.

The National Indian Health Board (NIHB) is hosting a webinar on eldercare during the COVID-19 pandemic. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) the risk for severe illness from coronavirus infection increase with age. For example, people in their 50s are at higher risk for severe illness than people in their 40s. Similarly, people in their 60s or 70s are, in general, at higher risk for severe illness than people in their 50s. The greatest risk for severe illness from COVID-19 is among those aged 85 or older. This webinar will present ways we can help to prevent illness, and care for our elders during these unprecedented times. Hear presenters will discuss topics ranging from caring for elders during the pandemic, preventing infection among this vulnerable population and tips for caregivers. Learn more about helping and protecting elders in your community. Submit questions in advance to Courtney Wheeler at cwheeler@nihb.org. The webinar will take place September 9, 2020 from 3:00-4:00 PM EST. Register HERE.

COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance*
- Total cases: 6,287,362
- Total deaths: 188,688
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

* As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020. The position statement included a case definition and made COVID-19 a nationally notifiable disease.

A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:
- i) meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or
- ii) meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or
- iii) meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID19.

State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

National Laboratory Testing Data
- Total tests reported: 92,408,234
- Positive tests reported: 7,770,343
- Percent of positive tests: 8%
As of September 7, 2020, there were a total of 737,911 positive cases and 13,758 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:
- Age 0-17: 75,198 cases
- Age 18-49: 442,946 cases
- Age 50-64: 139,563 cases
- Age 65 and older: 79,301 cases
- Unknown/Missing: 903 cases

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:
- Female: 372,728 cases
- Male: 358,617 cases
- Unknown: 6,566 cases

Lab tests reported statewide: 12,267,948

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

Click HERE to find your nearest testing site.
CONFIRMED CASES AND DEATHS BY COUNTY

Counties with most reported cases
- Los Angeles: 248,804
- Riverside: 54,178
- Orange: 49,132
- San Bernardino: 49,043
- San Diego: 40,868

Counties with most reported deaths
- Los Angeles: 6,030
- Riverside: 1,067
- Orange: 1,053
- San Bernardino: 765
- San Diego: 707

As of 9/8/2020. Source: CDPH
American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, 0.2% of COVID-19 cases, and 0.3% of deaths in California. This includes a total of 1,235 cases and 39 deaths among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.
In California:

- **0.4%** of confirmed cases are hospitalized
- **0.1%** of confirmed cases are in the Intensive Care Unit
- **1.9%** of cases have died

Case and death disparities:

- For all adults ages 18+, Latinos and African Americans are dying at disproportionately high rates. The proportion of COVID-19 deaths in Latinos is more than 1.3 times their population representation across all adult age categories.

- More males (58%) are dying from COVID-19 than females (42%).
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) data reported by California to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Positive COVID-19 cases among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Cases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 9</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 19</td>
<td>238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 29</td>
<td>552</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 39</td>
<td>472</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 49</td>
<td>440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 59</td>
<td>341</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 to 69</td>
<td>216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 to 79</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 +</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COVID-19 deaths among AIAN people in California by Age Group and Gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 9</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 19</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 29</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 39</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 49</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 59</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CDC data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates lower than their proportion of California’s population and dying at rates that are higher. This includes a total of **2,521 cases** and **72 deaths**.

As of 8/27/2020. Source: CDC
COVID-19 testing information from patients seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.

Number of positive cases identified by region

As of 8/31/2020. Source: IHS
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) COVID-19 cases reported by local public health departments in selected California counties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>AIAN Cases</th>
<th>AIAN Deaths</th>
<th>AIAN Tested</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Los Angeles County*</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Bernardino County</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Diego County</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2,240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Riverside County</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>na</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Francisco</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>na</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alameda</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>na</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.
OPENINGS AND CLOSURES: TRIBAL CASINOS

Casino Openings (n=65)
1. Agua Caliente Casino Palm Springs
2. Agua Caliente Resort Casino Spa Rancho Mirage
3. Augustine Casino
4. Barona Valley Ranch Resort and Casino
5. Bear River Casino
6. Black Oak Casino
7. Blue Lake Casino
8. Cache Creek Casino Resort
9. Cahuilla Casino
10. Casino Pauma
11. Cher-Ae Heights Bingo and Casino
12. Chicken Ranch Bingo and Casino
13. Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino
14. Chumash Casino Resort
15. Cohusa Casino Resort
16. Coyote Valley Casino
17. Desert Rose Casino
18. Diamond Mountain Casino
19. Eagle Mountain Casino
20. Elk Valley Casino
21. Fantasy Springs Resort and Casino
22. Feather Falls Casino
23. Garcia River Casino
24. Gold Country Casino and Hotel
25. Golden Acorn Casino
26. Graton Resort & Casino
27. Hard Rock Hotel & Casino Sacramento at Fire Mountain
28. Harrah's Northern California
29. Harrah's Resort Southern California
30. Havasu Landing Resort and Casino
31. Jackson Rancheria Casino
32. Jamul Casino
33. Konociti Vista Casino and Bingo
34. Lucky 7 Casino
35. Lucky Bear Casino
36. Mono Wind Casino
37. Morongo Casino, Resort & Spa
38. Paiute Palace Casino
39. Pala Casino Resort and Spa
40. Pechanga Resort and Casino
41. Pit River Casino
42. Quechan Resort Casino
43. Rain Rock Casino
44. Red Earth Casino
45. Red Fox Casino
46. Redhawk Casino
47. River Rock Casino
48. Robinson Rancheria Resort and Casino
49. Rolling Hills Casino
50. Running Creek Casino
51. San Manuel Indian Bingo and Casino
52. San Pablo Lytton Casino
53. Sherwood Valley Casino
54. Soboba Casino
55. Spotlight 29 Casino
56. Sycuan Casino
57. Table Mountain Casino
58. Tachi Palace Hotel and Casino
59. Thunder Valley Casino Resort
60. Tortoise Rock Casino
61. Twin Pine Casino
62. Valley View Casino
63. Viejas Casino
64. Win-River Casino
65. Winnememah Winn's Casino

Casino Closures (n=1)
1. Redwood Hotel Casino

Updated 08/31/2020
Beginning in early September 2020, some Tribal early childhood education programs, such as Head Start, will begin reopening either in person, virtually, or in combination of both (i.e. hybrid program). Please check with local school districts, Tribes, or Lead Agencies for start dates.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact:
Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org