Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 23.31 million with more than 806,000 deaths.

The total number of cases in the U.S. increased from 5,551,793 as reported on Friday 8/21/2020 to 5,682,491 reported today. The number of deaths in the U.S. increased from 173,490 to 176,223.

If you are evacuated due to wildfires, bring a face covering and hand sanitizer, and continue to practice physical distancing when possible to protect against COVID-19. Learn more about how to protect yourself and your family here.

Join the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Region II National Preparedness Division for a webinar on keeping children safe while they learn. As schools reopen with a virtual learning component, students are spending more time online and are vulnerable to cyber threats. Guest speakers from the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) will discuss cybersecurity for children and tips on dealing with cyberbullying. A guest speaker from the Administration for Children and Families (ACF), a division of the Department of Health & Human Services, will discuss how to prepare children for returning to the classroom in a COVID-19 environment. The webinar will take place tomorrow, August 25, 2020 from 12:00-1:00 PM EST. Register here.

According to MSN, a man in Hong Kong is the first with a confirmed reinfection with the novel coronavirus, a new study suggests. There have been some previous reports of potential reinfection cases around the globe, but none have been confirmed with definitive testing, according to The New York Times. A group of researchers reported today on a case of a patient who was infected with two genetically different strains of the coronavirus, months apart, according to a press release from the University of Hong Kong’s Department of Medicine. Antibody tests showed that the patient did not have any detectable antibody to the coronavirus when he was reinfected but developed detectable antibodies after reinfection. Read the full article here.
As of August 23, 2020, there were a total of 668,615 positive cases and 12,152 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:
- Age 0-17: 66,828 cases
- Age 18-49: 401,960 cases
- Age 50-64: 126,998 cases
- Age 65 and older: 71,901 cases
- Unknown/Missing: 928 cases

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:
- Female: 336,578 cases
- Male: 325,212 cases
- Unknown: 6,825 cases

Lab tests reported statewide: 10,652,487

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

Click [HERE](#) to find your nearest testing site.

**CALIFORNIA**

### Indicators of COVID-19 Testing by State:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Tested</th>
<th>Positive Cases</th>
<th>Negative Cases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>37,319</td>
<td>610</td>
<td>7,789</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>126,292</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>107,858</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albuquerque</td>
<td>26,040</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,685</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bemidji</td>
<td>33,948</td>
<td></td>
<td>1022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Billings</td>
<td>44,250</td>
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<td>1,311</td>
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<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>7,789</td>
<td></td>
<td>610</td>
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<tr>
<td>Great Plains</td>
<td>46,898</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,097</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nashville</td>
<td>57,971</td>
<td></td>
<td>11,062</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NavaJo</td>
<td>20,487</td>
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<td>1,866</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oklahoma City</td>
<td>109,704</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,271</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phoenix</td>
<td>45,515</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portland</td>
<td>22,365</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tucson</td>
<td>5,339</td>
<td></td>
<td>568</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*as of 11:59PM EST August 22, 2020

**9,112 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 8/22/2020.**

Of these, 610 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 7,789 have tested negative for COVID-19.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact:
Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org
CONFIRMED CASES AND DEATHS BY COUNTY
CURRENT AS OF August 24, 2020

Counties with most reported cases

Los Angeles    231,833
Riverside      50,293
Orange        45,267
San Bernardino 45,010
San Diego     36,542

Counties with most reported deaths

Los Angeles  5,545
Riverside   927
Orange      897
San Bernardino 691
San Diego   660

As of 08/24/2020. Source: CDPH
RACIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CONFIRMED COVID-19 CASES AND DEATHS IN CALIFORNIA

American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, 0.2% of COVID-19 cases, and 0.3% of deaths in California. These include 1,051 cases and 37 deaths among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.

Note: 34% of cases and 2% of deaths are of unknown race/ethnicity. As of 8/24/2020. Source: CDPH
In California:

- **0.7%** of confirmed cases have been admitted to a hospital
- **0.2%** of confirmed cases have been admitted to an Intensive Care Unit
- **1.8%** of cases have died

Case and death disparities:

- For all adults ages 18+, Latinos and African Americans are dying at disproportionately high rates. The proportion of COVID-19 deaths in Latinos is more than 1.5 times their population representation across all adult age categories.

- More males (57%) are dying from COVID-19 than females (43%).

As of 8/24/2020. Source: CDPH
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) data reported by California to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

CDC Data show that AIAN in California are testing positive for COVID-19 at rates equal to their proportion of California's population and dying at higher than expected rates. This includes a total of 2,140 cases and 69 deaths.

As of 8/17/2020. Source: CDC
COVID-19 TESTING INFORMATION FROM PATIENTS SEEN AT A TRIBAL OR URBAN INDIAN HEALTH PROGRAM IN CALIFORNIA.

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.

Number of positive cases identified by region

- **CENTRAL VALLEY**
  - Positive: 113
  - Negative: 1,063

- **CENTRAL COAST**
  - Positive: 180
  - Negative: 2,063

- **DELTA AND GOLD COUNTRY**
  - Positive: 68
  - Negative: 1,469

- **INLAND DESERT**
  - Positive: 288
  - Negative: 6,752

- **GREATER LOS ANGELES**
  - Positive: 13
  - Negative: 207

- **NORTH COAST AND CASCADES**
  - Positive: 50
  - Negative: 168

Updated: August 18, 2020
AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (AIAN) COVID-19 CASES REPORTED BY LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENTS IN SELECTED CALIFORNIA COUNTIES

**Los Angeles County***
- AIAN Cases: 189
- AIAN Deaths: 10
- AIAN Tested: 1,166

*Note: Data do not include the Cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

**San Bernardino County**
- AIAN Cases: 132
- AIAN Deaths: 6

**San Diego County**
- AIAN Cases: 131
- AIAN Deaths: <5

**Riverside County**
- AIAN Cases: 88
- AIAN Deaths: 7

**Sacramento**
- AIAN Cases: 45
- AIAN Deaths: <5

**San Francisco**
- AIAN Cases: 34
- AIAN Deaths: na

**Alameda**
- AIAN Cases: 28
- AIAN Deaths: na

As of 8/24/2020. Source: County of Los Angeles Public Health, San Bernardino County Department of Public Health, San Diego County Communicable Disease Registry, Riverside University Health System-Public Health, Sacramento County Public Health, DataSF, and Alameda County Department of Public Health.
TRIBES ISSUING SHELTER IN PLACE ORDER

28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
68. Tule River Tribe
74. Wiyot Tribe

EMERGENCY DECLARATIONS (n=76)

1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians
3. Barona Band of Mission Indians
4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria
5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California
6. Big Lagoon Rancheria
7. Big Pine Pueblo Tribe
8. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians
9. Bishop Pueblo Tribe
10. Blue Lake Rancheria
11. Buena Vista Rancheria
12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
13. Coho Dehe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community
14. Coho Tribe
15. Cahuilla Band of Indians
16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe
17. Chemehuevi Band of Indians of the Imlay Reservation
18. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
19. Colorado River Indian Tribes
20. Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians
21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians
22. Elk Valley Rancheria
23. Enterprise Rancheria
24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA
25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Pala Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation
26. Fort Mojave Indian Tribe
27. Habematolel Pomo of Upper Lake Tribe
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
29. Ipai Nation of Santa Ysabel
30. Jomul Indian Village
31. Kazhio Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria
32. Lo Jolla Band of Luiseño Indians
33. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe
34. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cupeno Indians
35. Kank Tribe
36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Pomo Indians
37. Mararaita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
38. Mendoopda Indian Tribe
40. Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California
41. Mooretown Rancheria
42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians
43. North Fork Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California
44. Palo Band of Mission Indians
45. Pauoa Band of Luiseño Indians
46. Pechanga Band of Luiseño Indians
47. Picoayne Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians
48. Pit River Tribe
49. Quartz Valley Indian Reservation
50. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation
51. Ramona Band of Cahuilla
52. Redding Rancheria
53. Resighini Rancheria
54. Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians
55. Robinson Rancheria
56. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians
57. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
58. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians
59. Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians
60. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians
61. Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians
62. Susanville Indian Rancheria
63. Syuex Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
64. Table Mountain Rancheria
65. Tachi Yokut Tribe
66. Tolowa Dee-Ni’ Nation
67. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
68. Tule River Tribe
69. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians
70. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians
71. Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
72. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California
73. Wintu Tribe
74. Wyand Tribe
75. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation
76. Yurok Tribe

Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.
OPENINGS AND CLOSURES: TRIBAL CASINOS

Casino Closures (n=4)
1. Blue Lake Casino
2. Eagle Mountain Casino
3. Redwood Hotel Casino
4. River Rock Casino

Casino Openings (n=62)
1. Agua Caliente Casino Palm Springs
2. Agua Caliente Resort Casino Spa Rancho Mirage
3. Augustine Casino
4. Barona Valley Ranch Resort and Casino
5. Bear River Casino
6. Black Oak Casino
7. Cache Creek Casino Resort
8. Cahuilla Casino
9. Casino Pauma
10. Cher-Ae Heights Bingo and Casino
11. Chicken Ranch Bingo and Casino
12. Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino
13. Chumash Casino Resort
14. Colusa Casino Resort
15. Coyote Valley Casino
16. Desert Rose Casino
17. Diamond Mountain Casino
18. Elk Valley Casino
19. Fantasy Springs Resort and Casino
20. Feather Falls Casino
21. Garcia River Casino
22. Gold Country Casino and Hotel
23. Golden Acorn Casino
24. Graton Resort & Casino
25. Hard Rock Hotel & Casino Sacramento at Fire Mountain
26. Harrah’s Northern California
27. Harrah’s Resort Southern California
28. Havasu Landing Resort and Casino
29. Jackson Rancheria Casino
30. Jamul Casino
31. Konocti Vista Casino and Bingo
32. Lucky 7 Casino
33. Lucky Bear Casino
34. Mono Wind Casino
35. Morongo Casino, Resort & Spa
36. Paiute Palace Casino
37. Pala Casino Resort and Spa
38. Pechanga Resort and Casino
39. Pit River Casino
40. Quechan Resort Casino
41. Rain Rock Casino
42. Red Earth Casino
43. Red Fox Casino
44. Redhawk Casino
45. Robinson Rancheria Resort and Casino
46. Rolling Hills Casino
47. Running Creek Casino
48. San Manuel Indian Bingo and Casino
49. San Pablo Lytton Casino
50. Sherwood Valley Casino
51. Soboba Casino
52. Spotlight 29 Casino
53. Sycuan Resort and Casino
54. Table Mountain Casino
55. Tachi Palace Hotel and Casino
56. Thunder Valley Casino Resort
57. Tortoise Rock Casino
58. Twin Pine Casino
59. Valley View Casino
60. Viejas Casino
61. Win-River Casino
62. Winnememah Winn’s Casino

Updated 08/24/2020
TRIBAL HEAD STARTS CLOSED AS DIRECTED BY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS OR TRIBAL COUNCIL ORDERS

1. Big Sandy Rancheria Tribal Head Start
2. Big Pine Early Head Start
3. Bishop Paiute Tribe Head Start & Early Head Start
4. Lytton Rancheria Head Start
5. Pinoleville Native American Head Start & Early Head Start
6. Manchester-Point Arena Head Start
7. Round Valley Indian Tribes Head Start
8. Redding Rancheria Head Start
9. Chemehuevi Head Start
10. Campo Kumeyaay Head Start
11. Hoopa Tribal Early Head Start & Head Start
12. Karuk Tribal Head Start
13. Quechan Head Start
14. Yurok Tribe Head Start
15. Elk Valley Rancheria Head Start
16. Howonquet Head Start
17. Tule River Head Start
California Counties COVID-19 Response

Click the color dots on the map for county information

Governor Newsom Issued Statewide Stay At Home Executive Order March 19, 2020

Click here to read the REVISED Executive Order dated May 7, 2020

Emergency Declarations and Shelter in Place / Safer at Home Orders or Directives (3 Counties)

Approved County Variances (55 Counties)

Please refer to your county’s dedicated Coronavirus web page for current information on local orders.

Data is based on official documents, county correspondence with CSAC and media reports. Links to official documents are provided when available.

Updated 9:05 am July 15, 2020