Globally, COVID-19 cases have surpassed 11.50 million with more than 535,700 deaths.

The total number of cases in the U.S. increased from 2,886,267 as reported on Monday 7/06/2020 to 2,932,596 reported today. The number of deaths in the U.S. increased from 129,811 to 130,133.

The California Area Indian Health Service (IHS) has reported that 209 California Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients have tested positive for COVID-19 as of 7/05/2020.

The National Indian Health Board (NIHB) is hosting a webinar on July 10, at 12:00 pm (PST) regarding contact tracing in Indian Country. Case investigation and contact tracing are core methods used by Tribal, local, and state health departments for disease control and is a key strategy in preventing the spread of COVID-19. Contact tracing is used to identify and alert people of potential contact with a person infected with the novel coronavirus, which causes COVID-19. This webinar will explore how contact tracing is being carried out in Indian Country. Click HERE to register.

The COVID-19 pandemic has created challenges for us all. For individuals who have a Substance Use Disorder or who are in recovery, the pandemic poses additional risks (lack of treatment, lack of access to peer support groups, isolation, psychological stress, etc.). There is also concern that individuals who didn’t have a substance use issue before the pandemic may develop a problem during or after the pandemic. Join the NIHB on July 23, at 9:00 am (PST) to discuss ways healthcare providers can help prevent and support patients dealing with Substance Use issues. Click HERE to register.

COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance*
- Total cases: 2,932,596
- Total deaths: 130,133
- Jurisdictions reporting cases: 55 (50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands)

*As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an interim COVID-19 position statement issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020. The position statement included a case definition and made COVID-19 a nationally notifiable disease.

A confirmed case or death is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A probable case or death is defined by:
- i) meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19; or
- ii) meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence; or
- iii) meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID19.

State and local public health departments are now testing and publicly reporting their cases. In the event of a discrepancy between CDC cases and cases reported by state and local public health officials, data reported by states should be considered the most up to date.

National Laboratory Testing Data
- Total tests reported: 37,258,821
- Positive tests reported: 3,449,251
- Percent of positive tests: 9%
2

As of July 6, 2020, there were a total of 277,774 positive cases and 6,448 deaths in California.

Ages of all confirmed positive cases:
- Age 0-17: 22,861 cases
- Age 18-49: 162,714 cases
- Age 50-64: 55,931 cases
- Age 65 and older: 35,957 cases
- Unknown/Missing: 311 cases

Gender of all confirmed positive cases:
- Female: 137,284 cases
- Male: 139,007 cases
- Unknown: 1,413 cases

Lab tests reported statewide: 4,869,370

Twenty-five public health labs in California are testing samples for COVID-19. These labs include the California Department of Public Health's Laboratory in Richmond, Alameda, Butte, Contra Costa, Fresno, Humboldt, Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Monterey, Napa-Solano-Yolo-Marin (located in Solano), Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma, Tulare and Ventura County public health laboratories. The Richmond Laboratory will provide diagnostic testing within a 48-hour turnaround time. This means California public health officials will get test results sooner, so that patients will get the best care.

Click [HERE](https://example.com) to find your nearest testing site.

**INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE CALIFORNIA AREA**

4,686 Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program patients in the California Area have been tested for COVID-19 as of 7/05/2020.

Of these, 209 patients have tested positive for COVID-19 and 3,685 have tested negative for COVID-19.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact:
Vanesscia Cresci at vcresci@crihb.org or Aurimar Ayala at aayala@crihb.org
CONFIRMED CASES AND DEATHS BY COUNTY
CURRENT AS OF July 7, 2020

Counts with most reported cases
- Los Angeles: 116,707
- Riverside: 22,485
- Orange: 20,167
- San Diego: 17,002
- San Bernardino: 15,346

Counts with most reported deaths
- Los Angeles: 3,534
- Riverside: 486
- San Diego: 387
- Orange: 366
- San Bernardino: 269

For an interactive version of this map online, click HERE.

277,774 Cases
in California

6,448 Deaths
in California

New Confirmed Cases in California by Date of Lab Confirmation

As of 7/6/2020. Source: CDPH
RACIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CONFIRMED COVID-19 CASES AND DEATHS IN CALIFORNIA

American Indians and Alaska Natives account for 0.5% percent of the population, 0.2% of COVID-19 cases, and 0.4% of deaths in California. These include 359 cases and 23 deaths among American Indian and Alaska Native people in California.

Number, Percentage of COVID-19 Deaths per Race

Percentage of California Population per Race

# %

Percentage of COVID-19 Cases by Race

- White: 37% (31,221 cases)
- Latino: 39% (98,954 cases)
- Asian: 15% (11,355 cases)
- African American: 6% (7,869 cases)
- Multiracial: 2.2% (1,276 cases)
- Native Hawaiian Pacific Islander: 0.3% (1,086 cases)
- American Indian Alaska Native: 0.5% (359 cases)

Number, Percentage of COVID-19 Cases by Race

- White: 37% (2,006 cases)
- Latino: 39% (2,660 cases)
- Asian: 15% (886 cases)
- African American: 6% (577 cases)
- Multiracial: 2.2% (3 cases)
- Native Hawaiian Pacific Islander: 0.3% (25 cases)
- American Indian Alaska Native: 0.5% (23 cases)

35% of cases and 1% of deaths are of unknown race/ethnicity. As of 7/06/2020. Source: CDPH
Two sources for tracking American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) Cases reported in California

Data from the Indian Health Service (IHS) include positive cases reported by Tribal and Urban Indian Health Programs.

Data from California Department of Public Health (CDPH) include all positive cases of AIAN diagnosed in California.

Note: IHS data source is the IHS Data Portal, as of 6/25/2020. Gaps in CDPH reported AIAN cases are due to intermittent data availability.

Note: Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

In California:

2.2% of confirmed cases have been admitted to a hospital

0.6% of confirmed cases have been admitted to an Intensive Care Unit

2.3% of cases have died

Racial disparities:

• For all adults ages 18+, Latinos and African Americans are dying at disproportionately high rates. The proportion of COVID-19 deaths in Latinos is more than 1.5 times their population representation across all adult age categories.

• Almost half of all deaths continue to be in the 80+ age category.

As of 7/06/2020. Source: CDPH

As of 7/06/2020. Source: CDPH
COVID-19 Testing Information from Patients Seen at a Tribal or Urban Indian Health Program in California.

Note: This map shows patients by the regional location of the clinic where they were tested and NOT by the residence of the patients.

Number of positive cases identified by region

**NORTH COAST AND CASCADES**
- Positive: 57
- Negative: 2,002

**CENTRAL VALLEY**
- Positive: 28
- Negative: 326

**GREATER LOS ANGELES**
- Positive: 2
- Negative: 11

**CENTRAL COAST**
- Positive: 77
- Negative: 912

**DELTA AND GOLD COUNTRY**
- Positive: 10
- Negative: 651

**INLAND DESERT**
- Positive: 30
- Negative: 372

**SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA**
- Positive: 39
- Negative: 101

**UPDATED: June 25, 2020**
TRIBAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND SHELTER IN PLACE DECLARATIONS

Tribes do not need to issue a state of emergency to access FEMA resources.

Tribes Issuing Shelter in Place Order
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
68. Tule River Tribe
74. Wiyot Tribe

Emergency Declarations (n=76)

1. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
2. Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians
3. Barona Band of Mission Indians
4. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria
5. Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California
6. Big Lagoon Rancheria
7. Big Pine Paiute Tribe
8. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians
9. Bishop Paiute Tribe
10. Blue Lake Rancheria
11. Buena Vista Rancheria
12. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
13. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community
14. Cahto Tribe
15. Cahuilla Band of Indians
16. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe
17. Cher-Ah-Hes Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria
18. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
19. Colorado River Indian Tribes
20. Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians
21. Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians
22. Elk Valley Rancheria
23. Enterprise Rancheria
24. Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of CA
25. Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation
26. Fort Mohave Indian Tribe
27. Havemateel Pomo of Upper Lake Tribe
28. Hoopa Valley Tribe
29. Ipai Nation of Santa Ysabel
30. Jamul Indian Village
31. Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria
32. La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians
33. Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe
34. Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cateño Indians
35. Karuk Tribe
36. Manchester Point Arena Band of Pomo Indians
37. Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
38. Mechoopda Indian Tribe
40. Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California
41. Moorpark Rancheria
42. Morongo Band of Mission Indians
43. North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California
44. Palma Band of Mission Indians
45. Pauma Band of Luiseno Indians
46. Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians
47. Piscayne Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians
48. Pit River Tribe
49. Quartz Valley Indian Reservation
50. Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reservation
51. Ramona Band of Cahuilla
52. Redding Rancheria
53. Resighini Rancheria
54. Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians
55. Robinson Rancheria
56. San Manuel Band of Mission Indians
57. San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
58. Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians
59. Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians
60. Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians
61. Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians
62. Susanville Indian Rancheria
63. Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
64. Table Mountain Rancheria
65. Tachi Yokut Tribe
66. Tolowa Dee-Ni’ Nation
67. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
68. Tule River Tribe
69. Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians
70. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians
71. Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
72. Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California
73. Wilton Rancheria
74. Wiyot Tribe
75. Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation
76. Yurok Tribe
OPENINGS AND CLOSURES: TRIBAL CASINOS

Casino Closures (n=4)
1. Blue Lake Casino
2. Garcia River Casino
3. Lucky Bear Casino
4. Quechan Resort Casino

Casino Openings (n=62)
1. Agua Caliente Casino Palm Springs
2. Agua Caliente Resort Casino Spa Rancho Mirage
3. Augustine Casino
4. Barona Valley Ranch Resort and Casino
5. Bear River Casino
6. Black Oak Casino
7. Cache Creek Casino Resort
8. Cahuilla Casino
9. Casino Pauma
10. Cher-Ae Heights Bingo and Casino
11. Chicken Ranch Bingo and Casino
12. Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino
13. Chumash Casino Resort
14. Colusa Casino Resort
15. Coyote Valley Casino
16. Desert Rose Casino
17. Diamond Mountain Casino
18. Eagle Mountain Casino
19. Elk Valley Casino
20. Fantasy Springs Resort and Casino
21. Feather Falls Casino
22. Gold Country Casino and Hotel
23. Golden Acorn Casino
24. Graton Resort & Casino
25. Hard Rock Hotel & Casino Sacramento at Fire Mountain
26. Harrah’s Northern California
27. Harrah’s Resort Southern California
28. Havasu Landing Resort and Casino
29. Jackson Rancheria Casino
30. Jarval Casino
31. Konocti Vista Casino and Bingo
32. Lucky 7 Casino
33. Mono Wind Casino
34. Morongo Casino, Resort & Spa
35. Paiute Palace Casino
36. Pala Casino Resort and Spa
37. Pechanga Resort and Casino
38. Pit River Casino
39. Rain Rock Casino
40. Red Earth Casino
41. Red Fox Casino
42. Redhawk Casino
43. Redwood Hotel Casino
44. River Rock Casino
45. Robinson Rancheria Resort and Casino
46. Rolling Hills Casino
47. Running Creek Casino
48. San Manuel Indian Bingo and Casino
49. San Pablo Lytton Casino
50. Sherwood Valley Casino
51. Soboba Casino
52. Spotlight 29 Casino
53. Sycuan Resort and Casino
54. Table Mountain Casino
55. Tachi Palace Hotel and Casino
56. Thunder Valley Casino Resort
57. Tortoise Rock Casino
58. Twin Pine Casino
59. Valley View Casino
60. Viejas Casino
61. Winnebago Winny’s Casino
62. Win-River Casino
TRIBAL HEAD STARTS CLOSED AS DIRECTED BY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS OR TRIBAL COUNCIL ORDERS

1. Big Sandy Rancheria Tribal Head Start
2. Big Pine Early Head Start
3. Bishop Paiute Tribe Head Start & Early Head Start
4. Lytton Rancheria Head Start
5. Pinoleville Native American Head Start & Early Head Start
6. Manchester-Point Arena Head Start
7. Round Valley Indian Tribes Head Start
8. Redding Rancheria Head Start
9. Chemehuevi Head Start
10. Campo Kumeyaay Head Start
11. Hoopa Tribal Early Head Start & Head Start
12. Karuk Tribal Head Start
13. Quechan Head Start
14. Yurok Tribe Head Start
15. Elk Valley Rancheria Head Start
16. Howonquet Head Start
17. Tule River Head Start
Governor Newsom Issued Statewide Stay At Home Executive Order March 19, 2020
Click here to read the REVISED Executive Order dated May 7, 2020

Emergency Declarations and Shelter in Place / Safer at Home Orders or Directives (3 Counties)

Approved County Variances (55 Counties)

Please refer to your county's dedicated Coronavirus web page for current information on local orders.

Data is based on official documents, county correspondence with CSAC and media reports.
Links to official documents are provided when available.

Updated 2:05 pm
July 2, 2020